

# Statistically Valid Inferences from Privacy Protected Data

Gary King<sup>1</sup>

Institute for Quantitative Social Science  
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Quantitative Social Science Colloquium, Princeton University, 10/7/2022

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<sup>1</sup>[GaryKing.org/privacy](https://garyking.org/privacy). Based on APSR/AJPS/PA articles with subsets of {Georgie Evans, Meg Schwenzfeier, Abhradeep Thakurta, Adam D. Smith}

## *Science Magazine, 1995*

VIEWPOINT: THE FUTURE

## Through the Glass Lightly

A collection of scientists at the frontier were asked what they see in the future for science.\*  
Here are their views....

If you can look into the seeds of time,  
And say which grain will grow and which will not,  
Speak then to me, who neither beg nor fear  
Your favors nor your hate.

Shakespeare, *Macbeth*, 1.3.58-61

THERE WILL BE ENORMOUS INROADS INTO human biology and human disease via genomics, gene therapy, and mouse knockout models; a revolution in drug design by combinatorial chemistry; an understanding of the specificity of nerve connections and cognition; and the basic logic of development will be solved (if it is not solved already). New technologies will be developed for studying the structure, function, and dynamics of multiprotein ensembles—for example, the eukaryotic transcription complexes. New methodologies will be developed for studying the behavior of single, live cells in isolation or in the context of an embryo. This includes studying the activity of the cell itself as well as various subcellular structures.

Hal Weintraub  
Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center  
Seattle, Washington

individuals at risk for diabetes, schizophrenia, obesity, and many other diseases. In many cases, disease will be either avoidable by modification of behavior or ameliorated by therapeutic intervention. For societies with socialized health care programs, the economic cost of screening will need to be balanced by the overall savings in disease reduction. If individuals refuse preventive treatment, screening is not cost-effective. For societies with private health care systems, the rich will become healthier and the poor sicker. In both systems, balancing the rights of individuals against the needs of society is going to be difficult.

Peter N. Goodfellow  
Department of Genetics  
University of Cambridge

toxins, sunlight, and so forth. The output will be a color movie in which the embryo develops into a fetus, is born, and then grows into an adult, explicitly depicting body size and shape and hair, skin, and eye color. Eventually the DNA sequence base will be expanded to cover genes important for traits such as speech and musical ability; the mother will be able to hear the embryo—as an adult—speak or sing.

Harvey F. Lodish  
Whitehead Institute for  
Biomedical Research  
Cambridge, Massachusetts

THE OLD PHRASE "YOU can't get blood from a turnip" may be proven

incorrect, at least partially. Transgenic plants hold promise as biomanufacturing systems for a wide variety of human proteins, including those found in blood plasma. Serum albumin, for instance, has been shown to be expressed and processed correctly when the gene encoding it was introduced into plants. The missing element in this scenario is process technology, which will make it possible to do large-scale protein purification from plant tissues. Advances in high-level protein expression in specialized plant tissues (such as seeds, fruits, or tubers) coupled to engineering improvements in genetic isolation may make this



ILLUSTRATIONS BY TERRY E. SMITH

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- **Summary.** Progress came from: **Novel data, novel methods**

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- **How? Solving political problems technologically**

# Solving Political Problems Technologically

Differential Privacy & Inferential Validity

A General Purpose, Statistically Valid DP Algorithm

The Algorithm in Practice

# Convincing Facebook to Make Data Available

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- **New Problem**: **Sharing data without it leaving Facebook**

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  - Increasing public concern with privacy
  - Scholars discovered: de-identification doesn't work!
  
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Population

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⋮

Rocío

John

Marc

Brandon

Yu Xie

Gleason

Saad

Leonard

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Mean  
income:

\$48

Quantity  
of Interest

# Theories of Inference: Statistics vs. CS

Population	Sample
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Population	Sample	\$
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Rocío	✓	122
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John	✓	76		103
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Query-Response

\$111

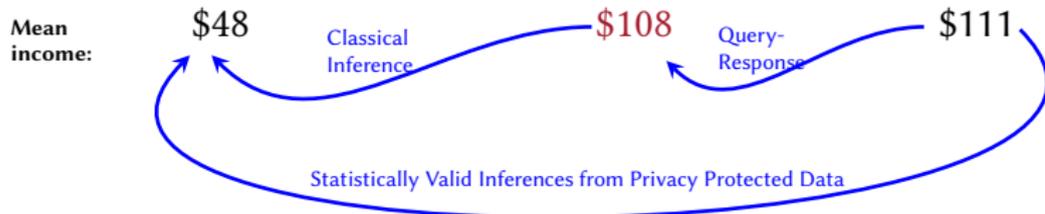
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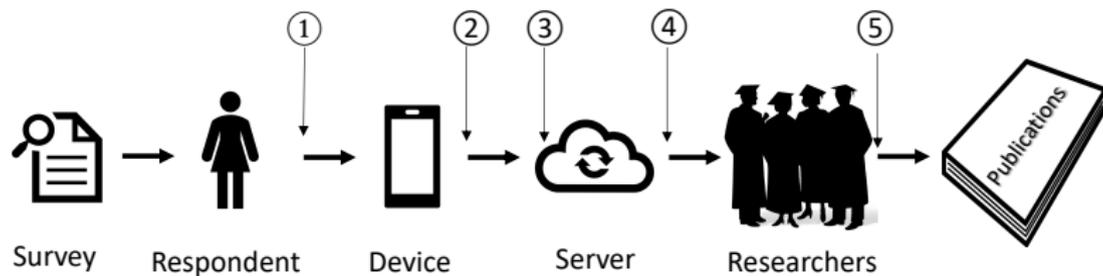
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# Protecting Survey Data



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for all  $D, D', m$

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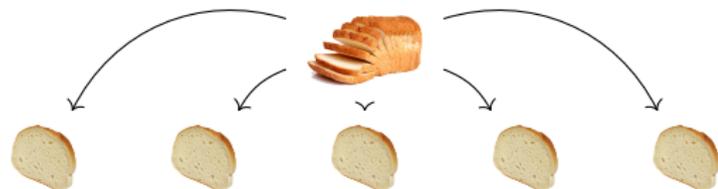
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Private data

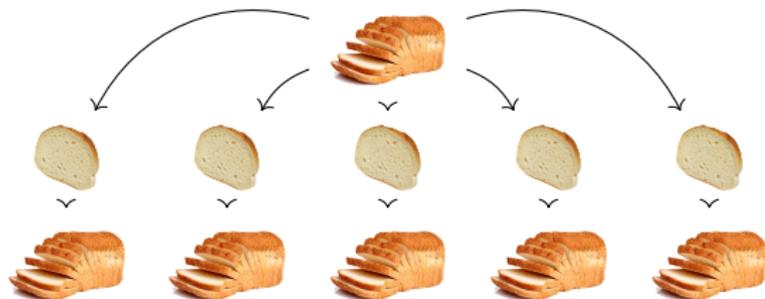
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Private data

Partition

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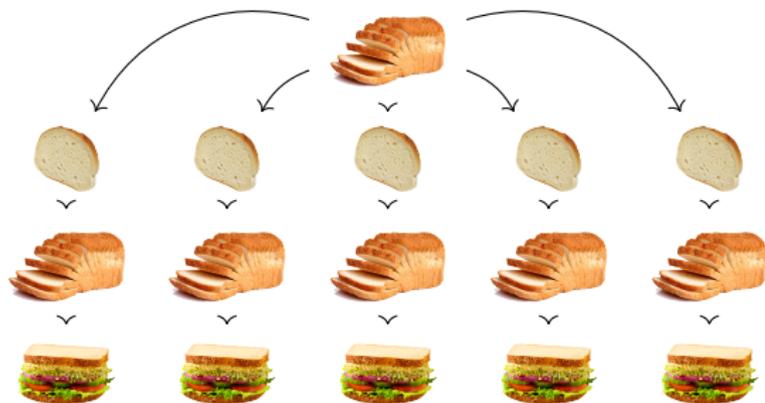


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Partition

Bag of little bootstraps

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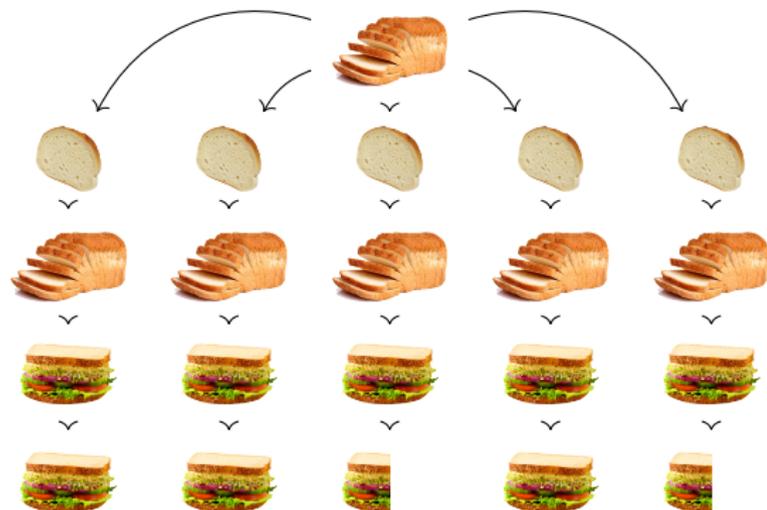
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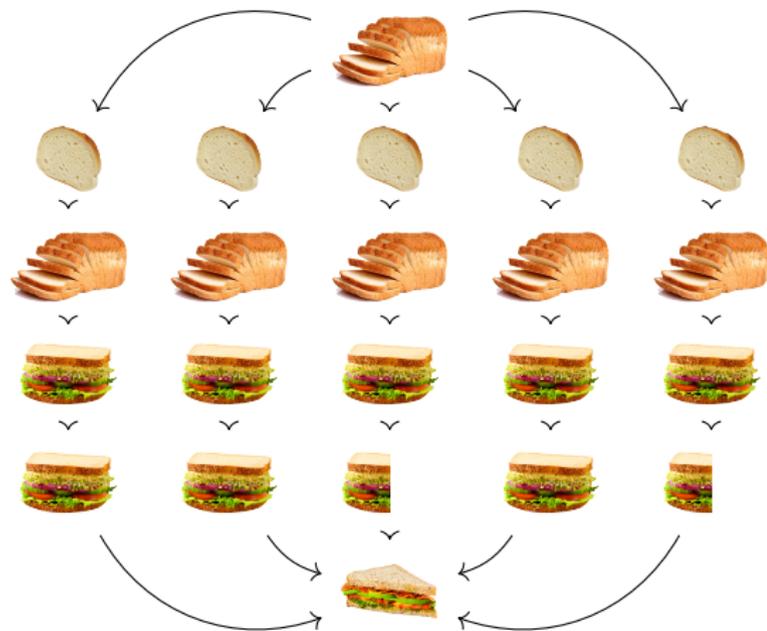
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Estimator

Censor

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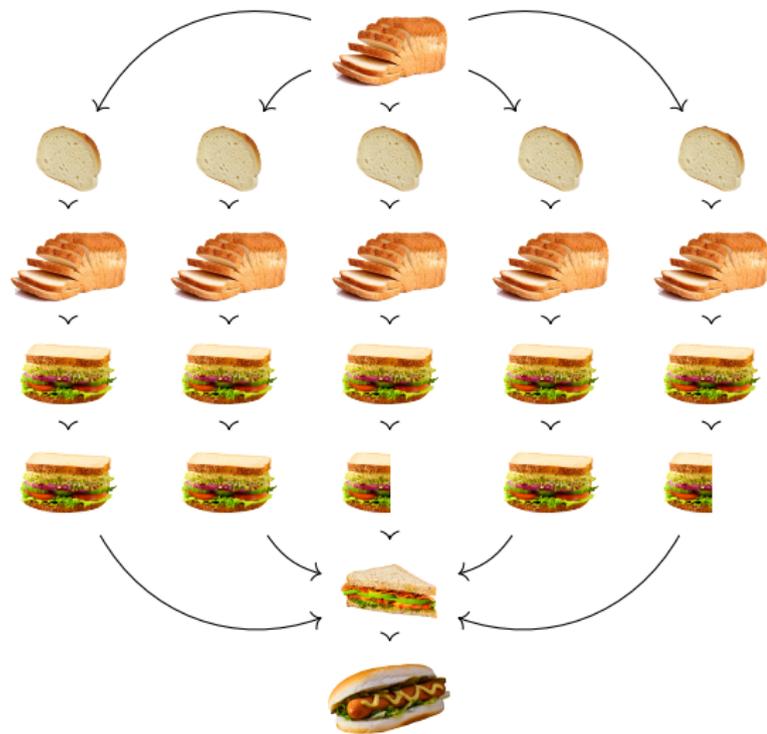
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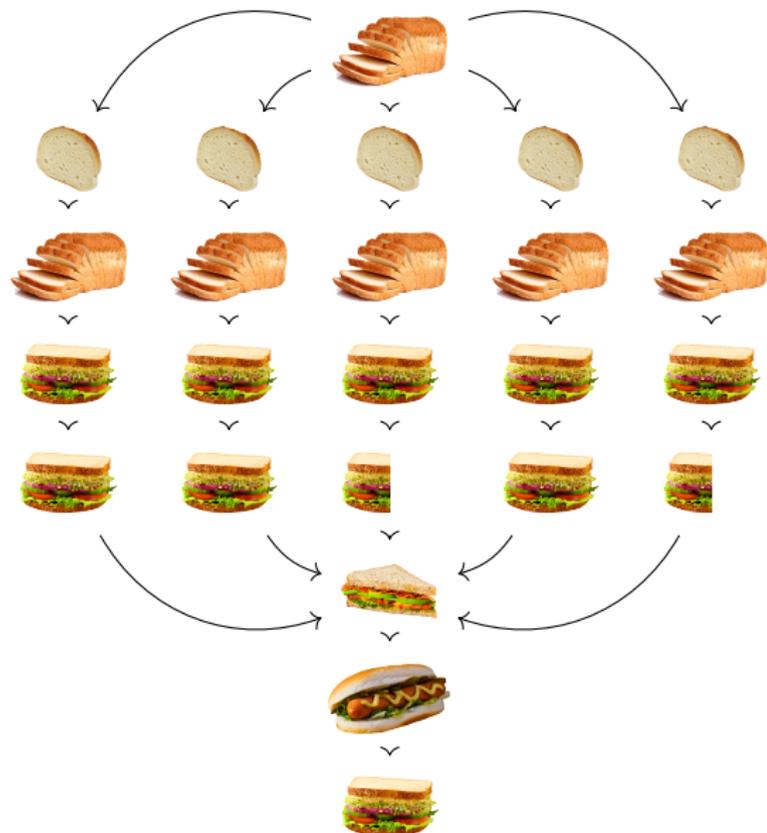
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Noise

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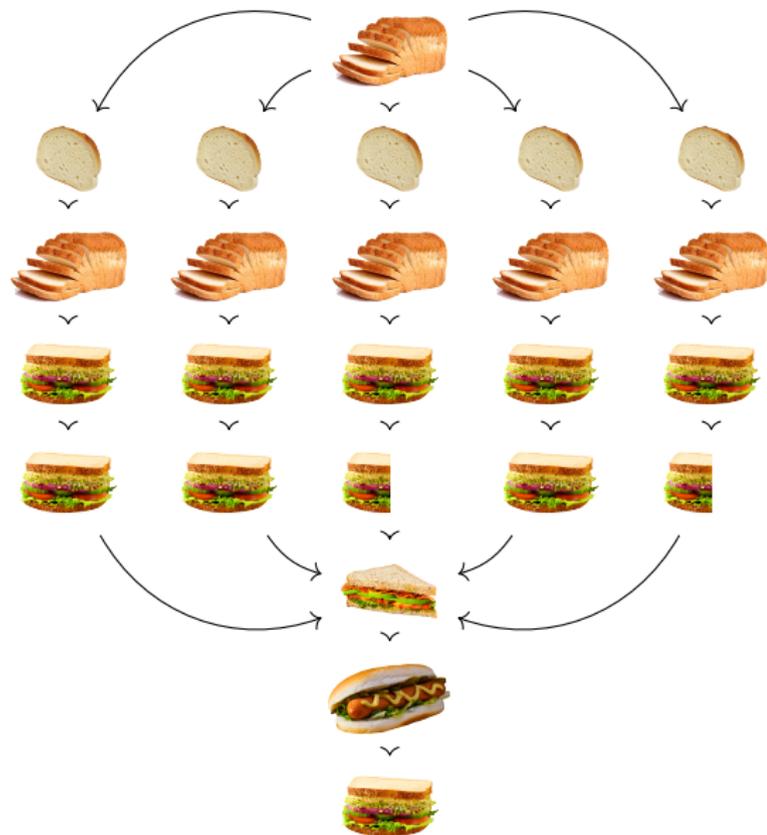
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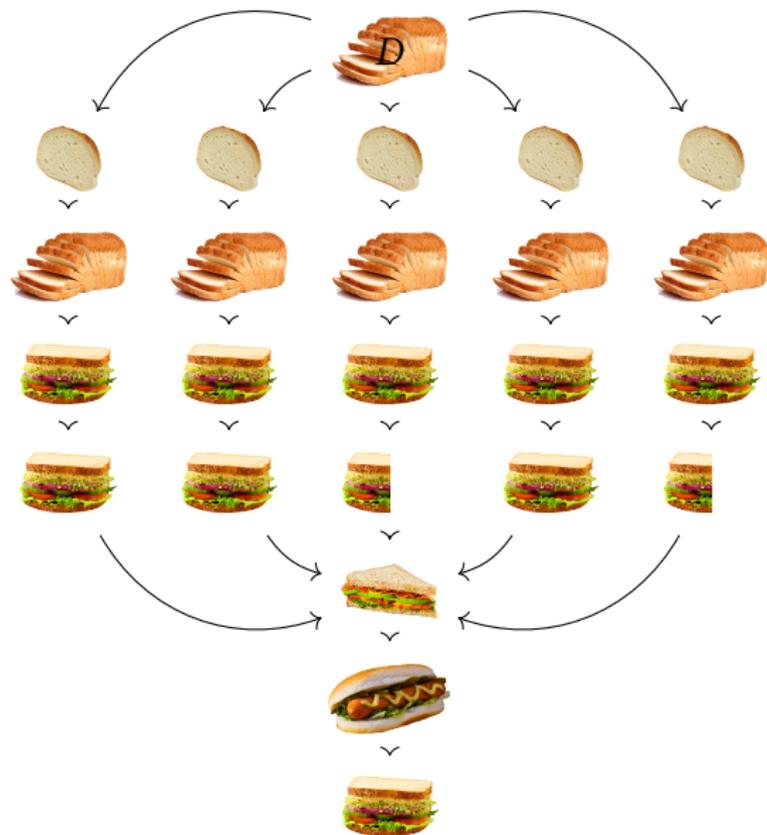
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Bias Correction  
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# A Differentially Private Estimator



Private data

Partition

Bag of little bootstraps

Estimator

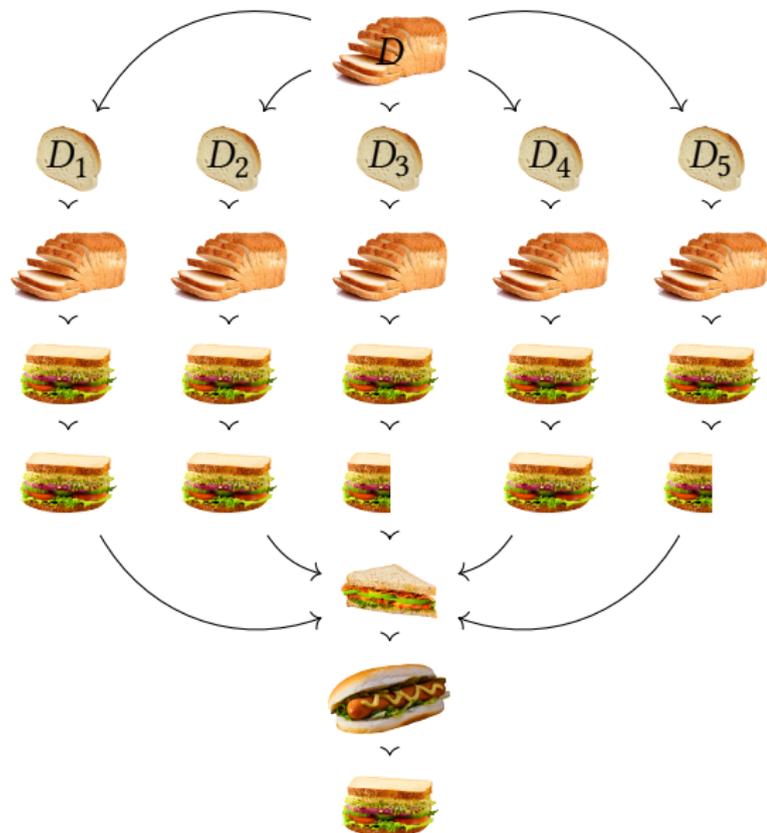
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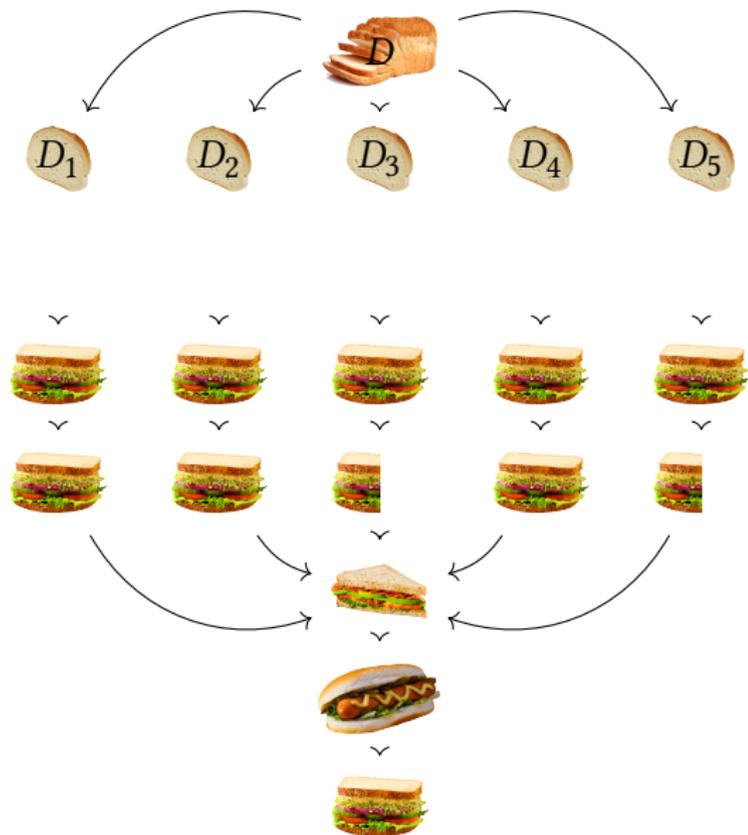
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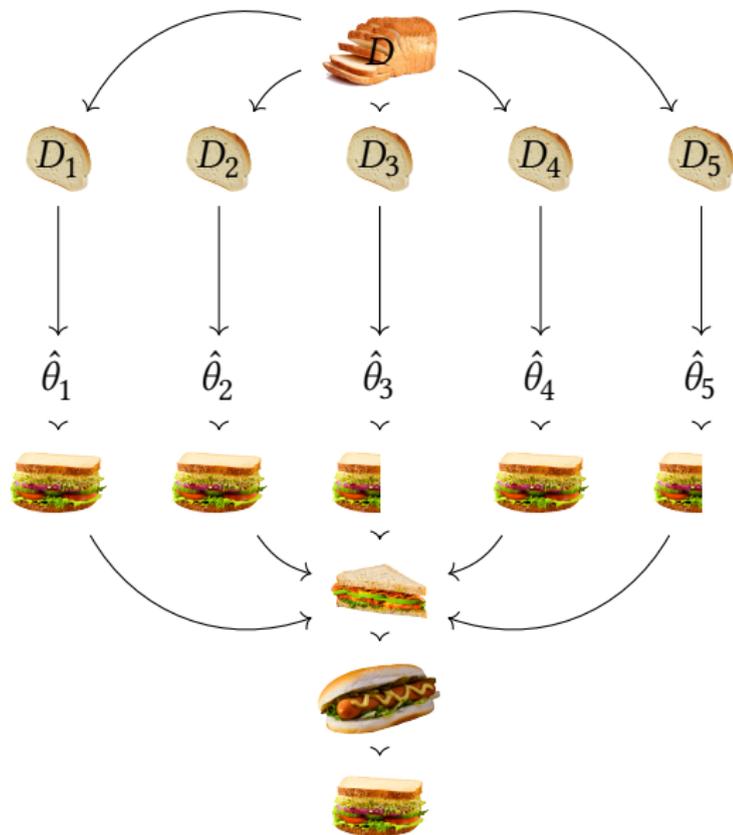
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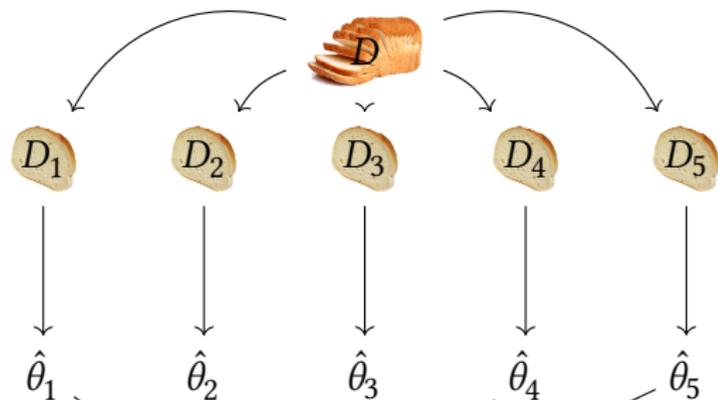
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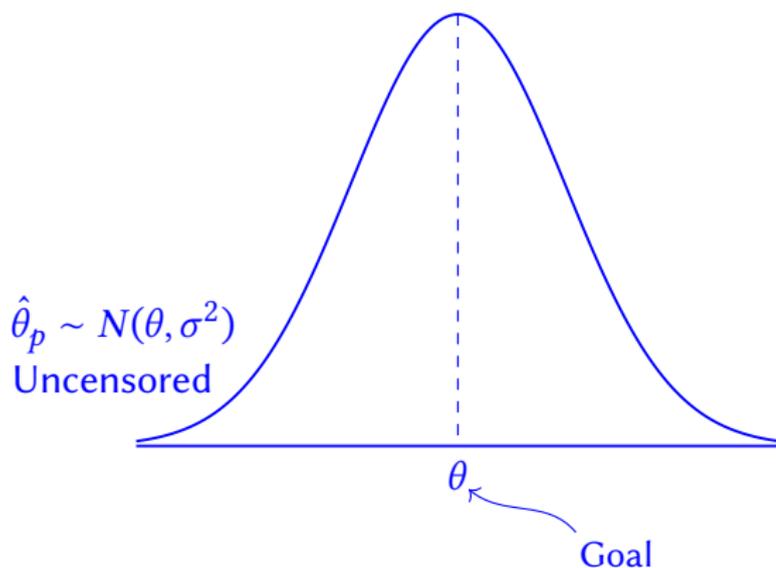
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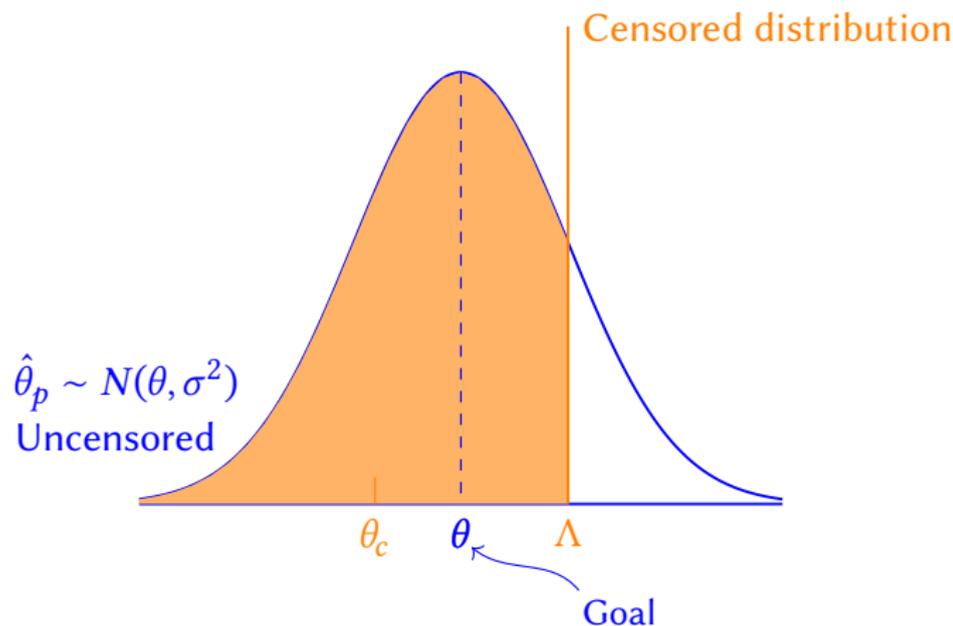
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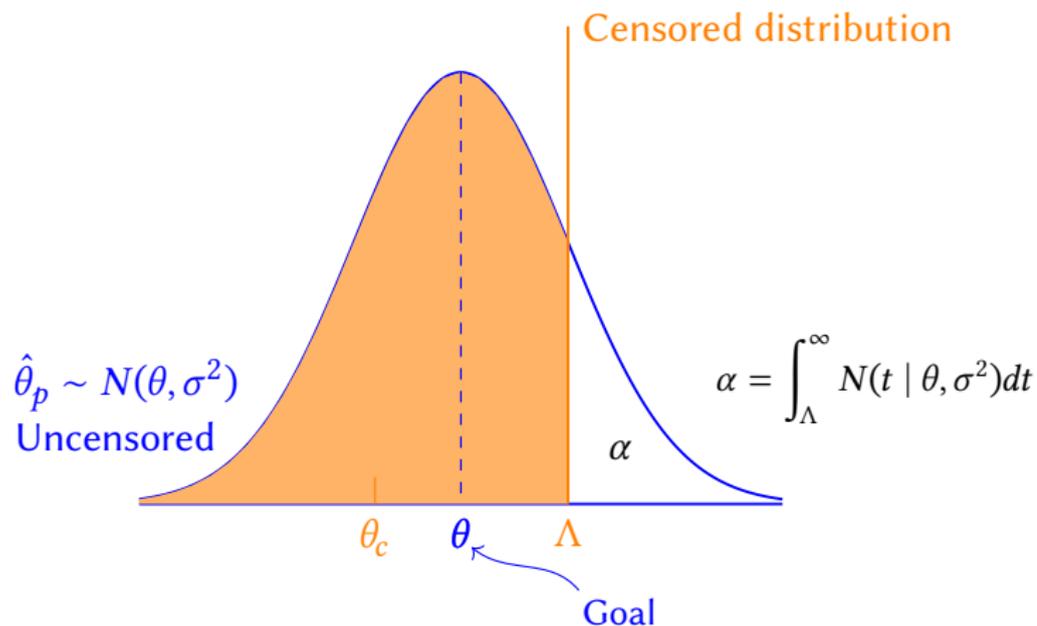
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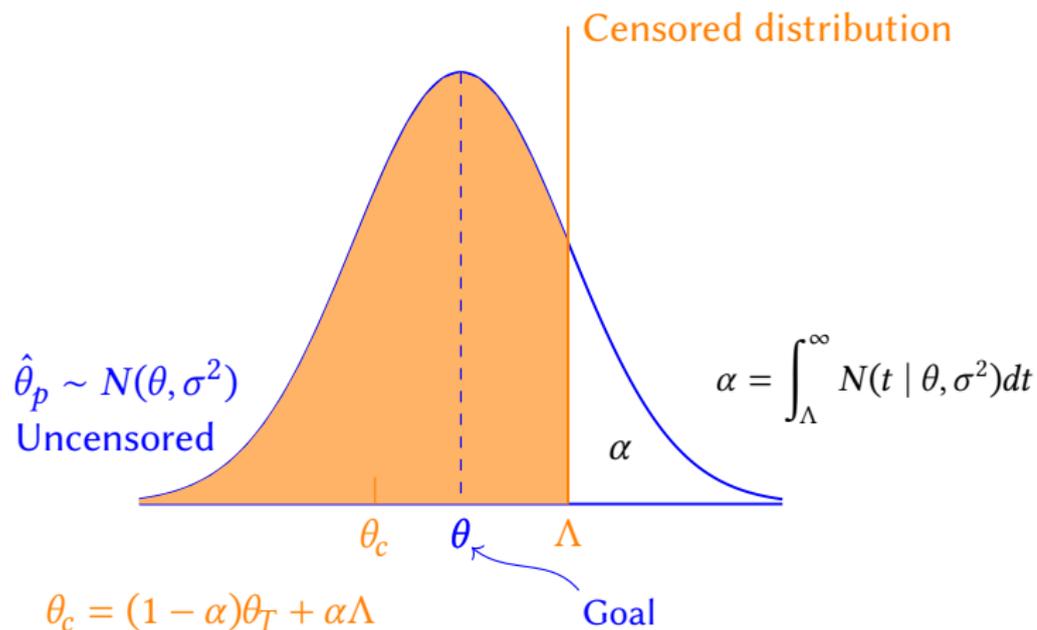
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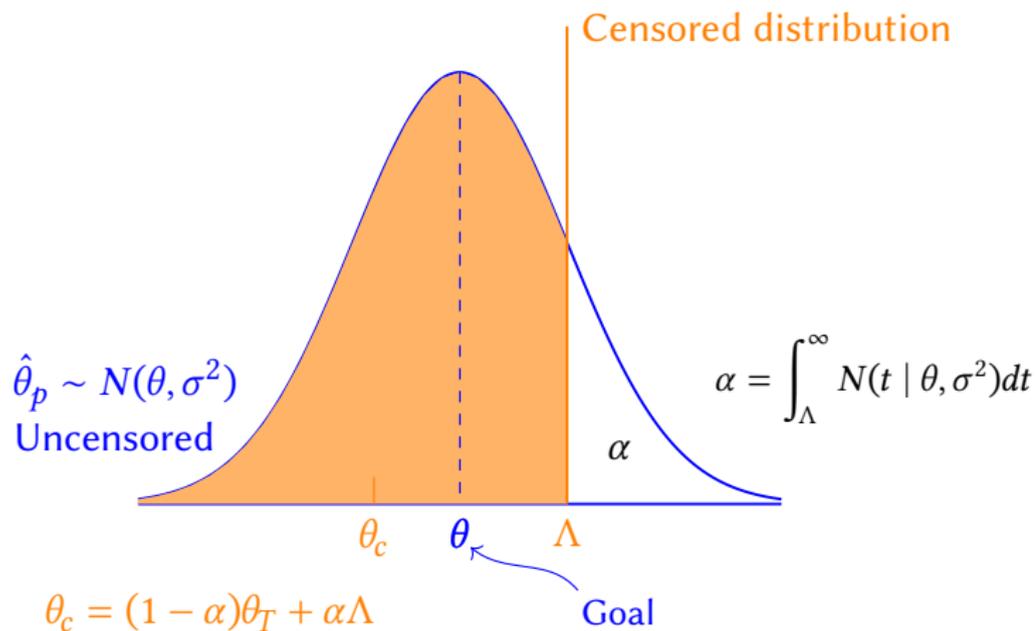
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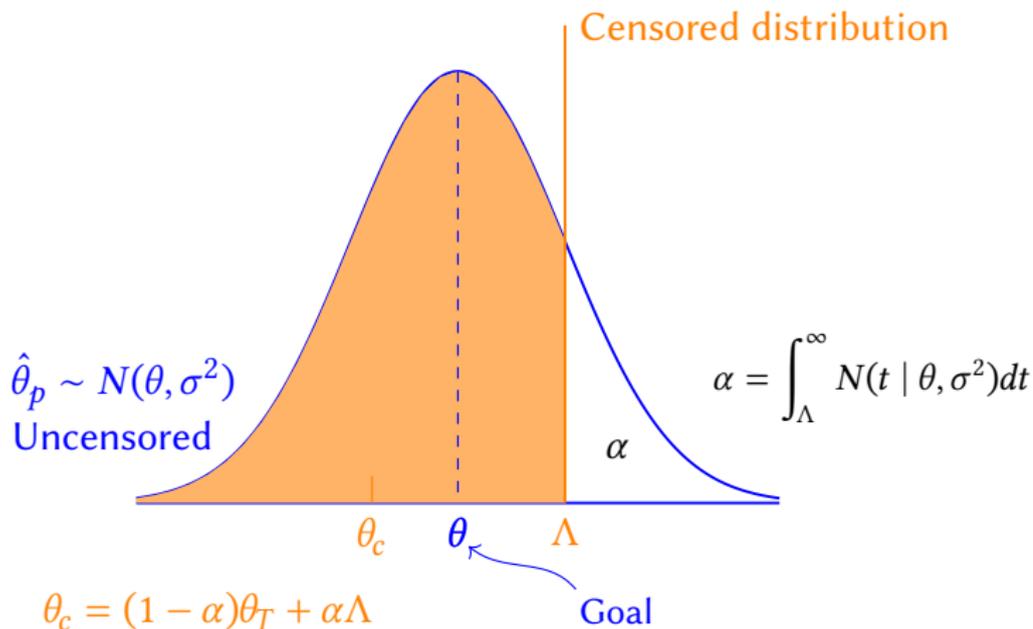


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Equations: 2

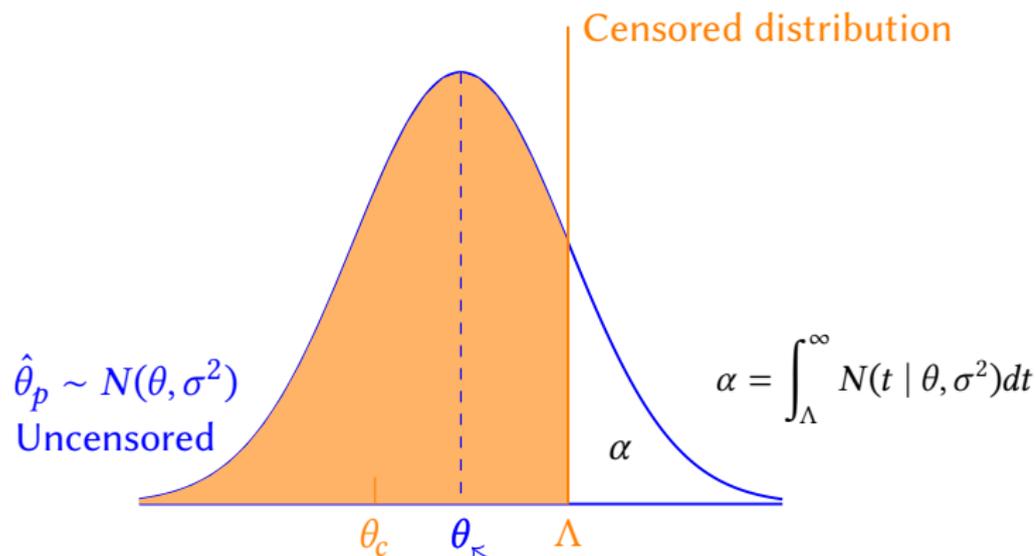
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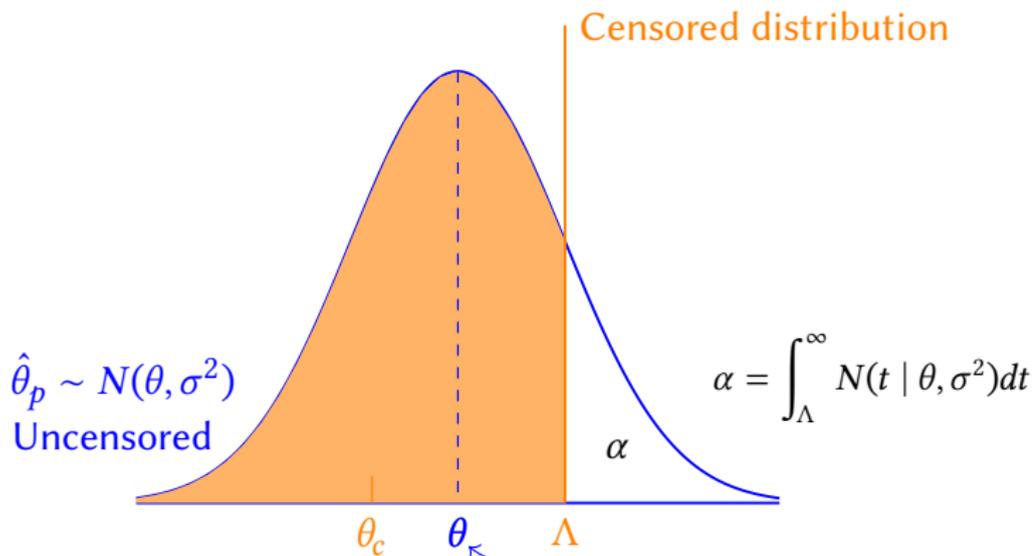
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Disclose:  $\hat{\theta}^{\text{dp}}$

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Solving Political Problems Technologically

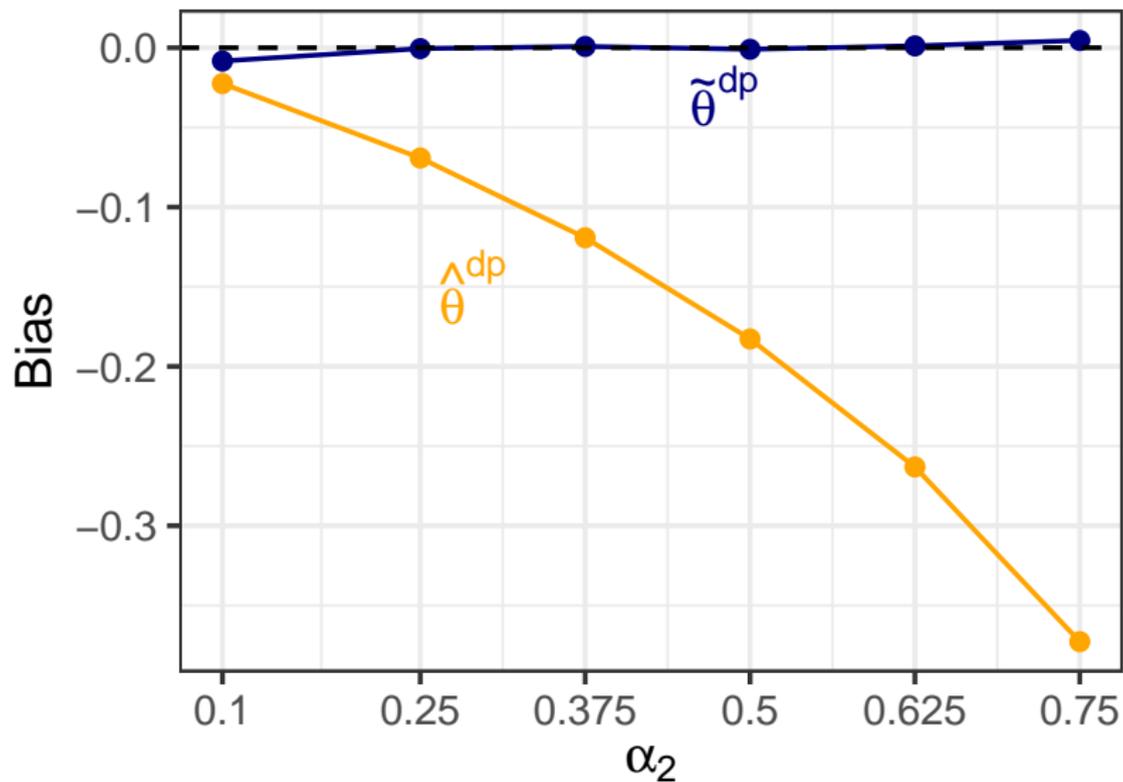
Differential Privacy & Inferential Validity

A General Purpose, Statistically Valid DP Algorithm

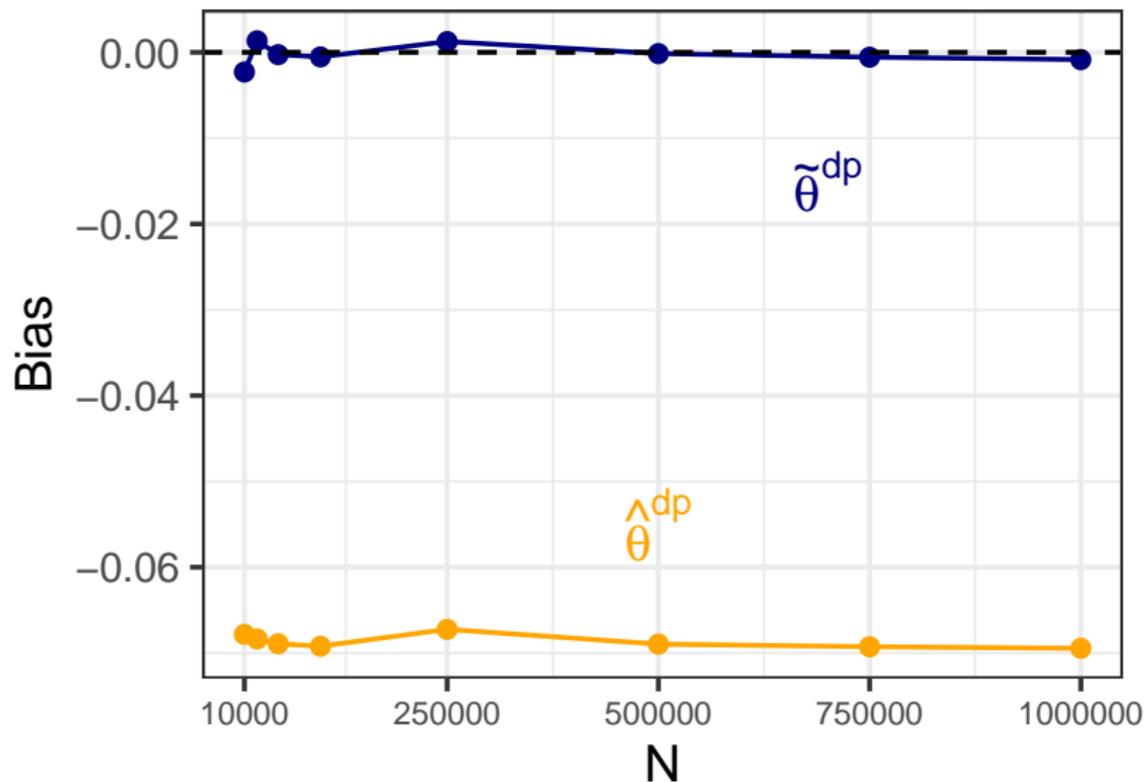
**The Algorithm in Practice**

# Simulations: Finite Sample Evaluation

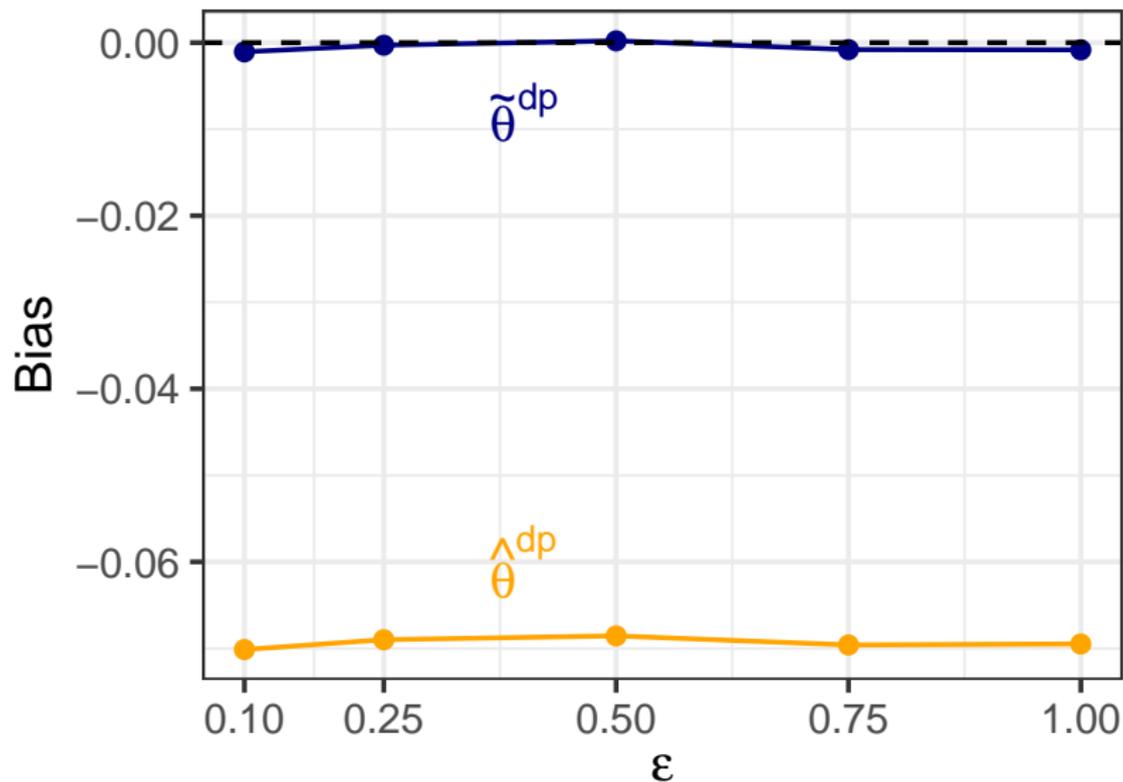
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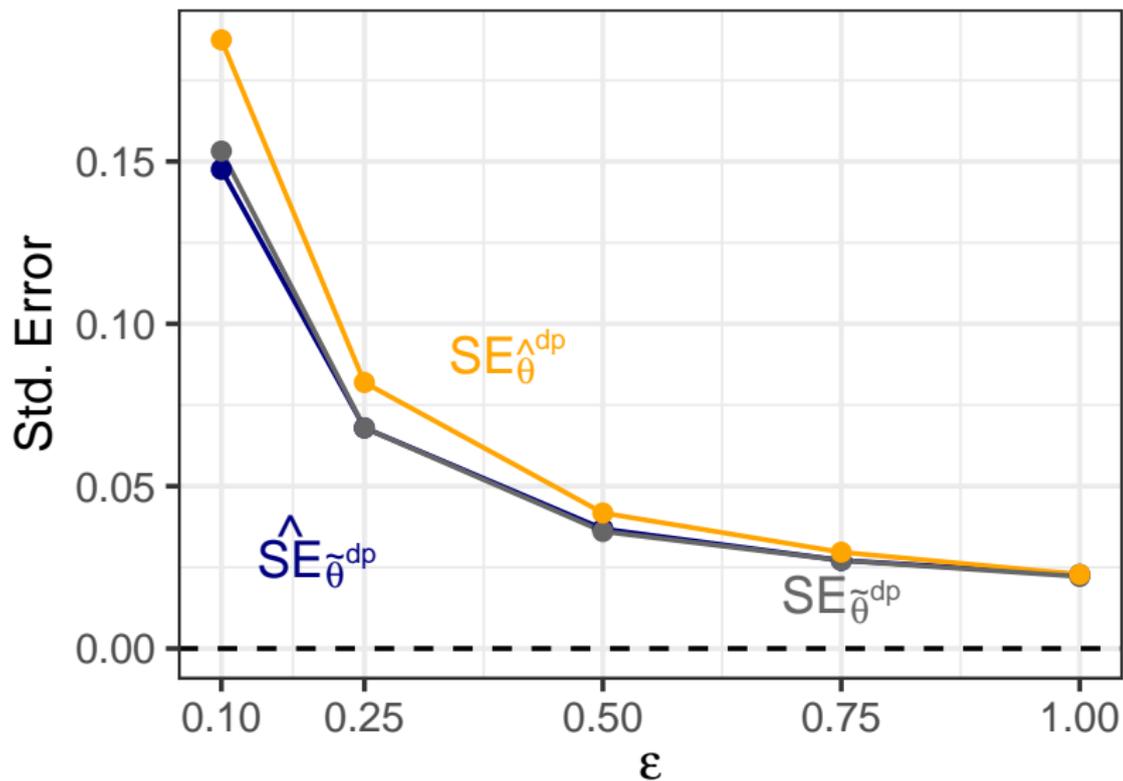
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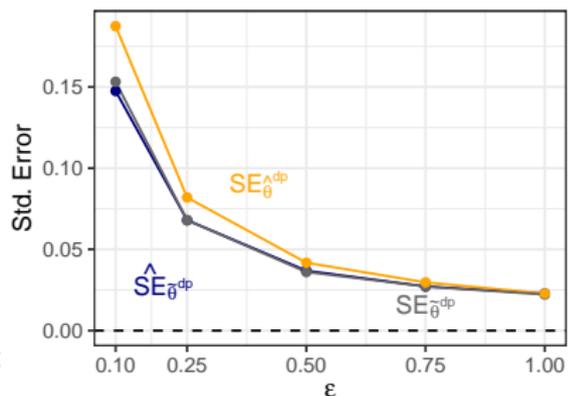
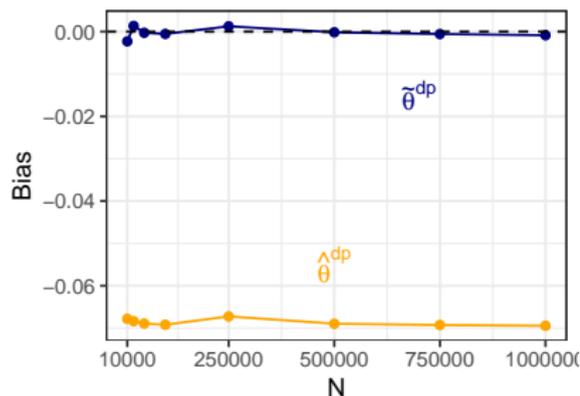
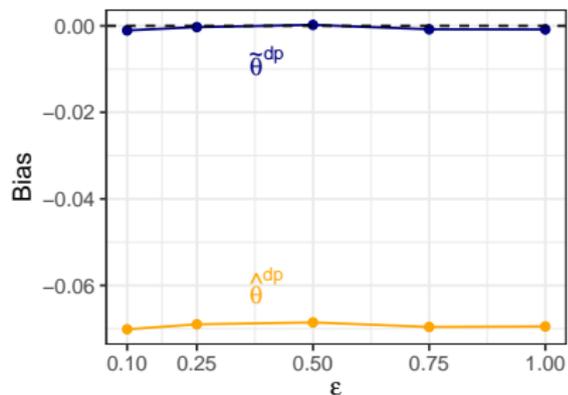
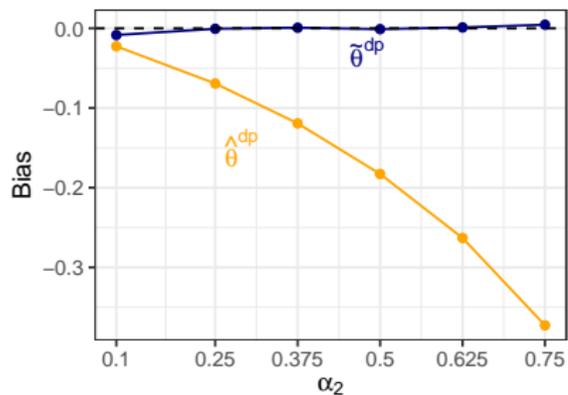
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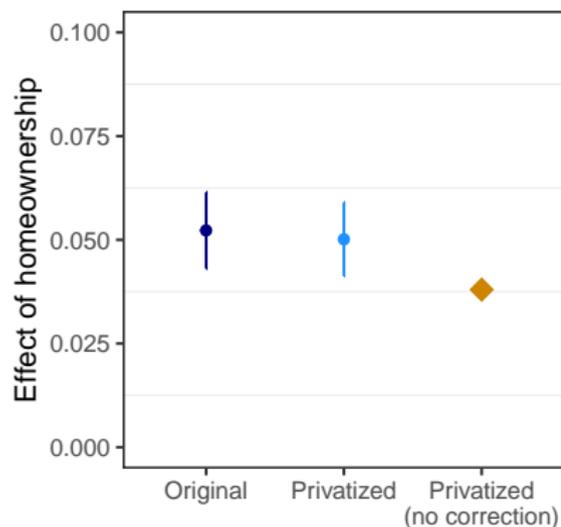
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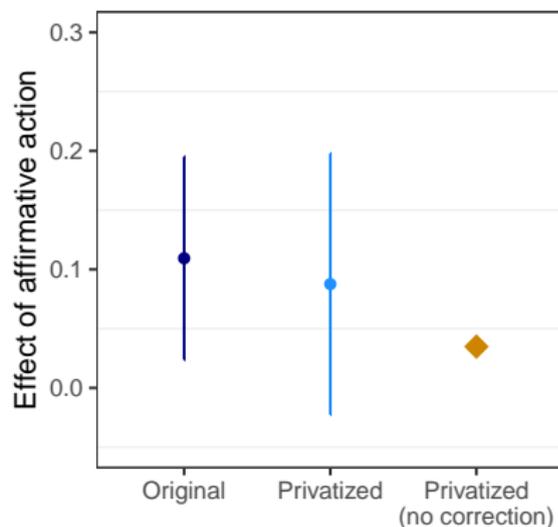
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## Similar Empirical Results, Larger CIs



(a) Yoder (APSR, 2020)



(b) Bhavnani and Lee (AJPS, 2019)

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- **Community based, Open Source Software**: **OpenDP.org**

Articles, software, slides, videos: [GaryKing.org/privacy](http://GaryKing.org/privacy)

- Georgina Evans, Gary King, Margaret Schwenzfeier, and Abhradeep Thakurta. “[Statistically Valid Inferences from Privacy Protected Data](#)” *American Political Science Review*

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# Appendix

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