

# Matching Methods for Causal Inference & 21 Other Topics

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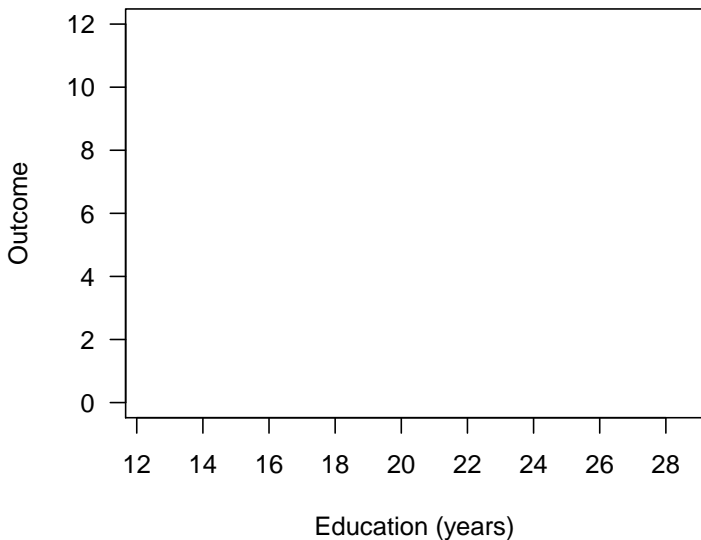
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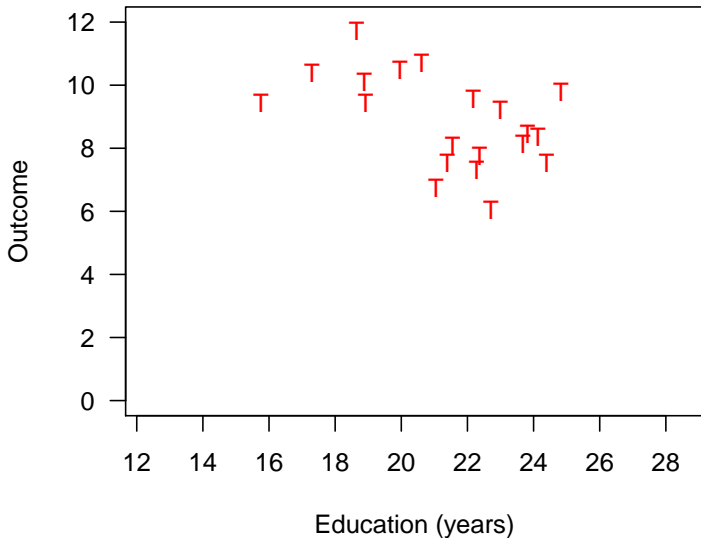
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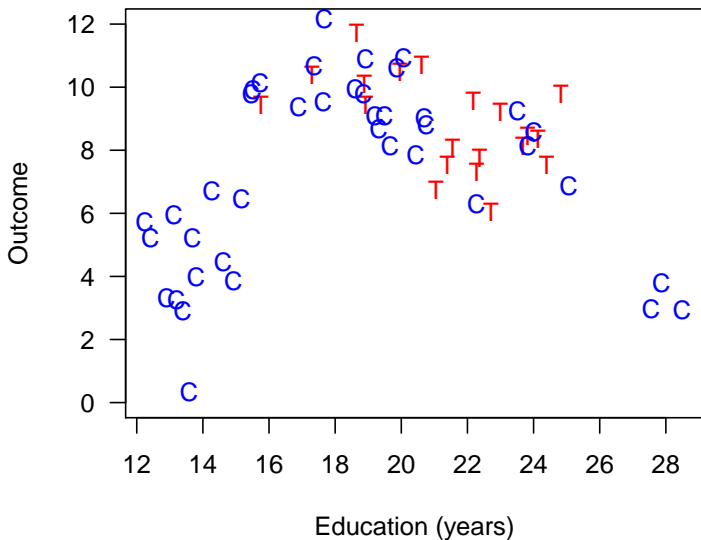
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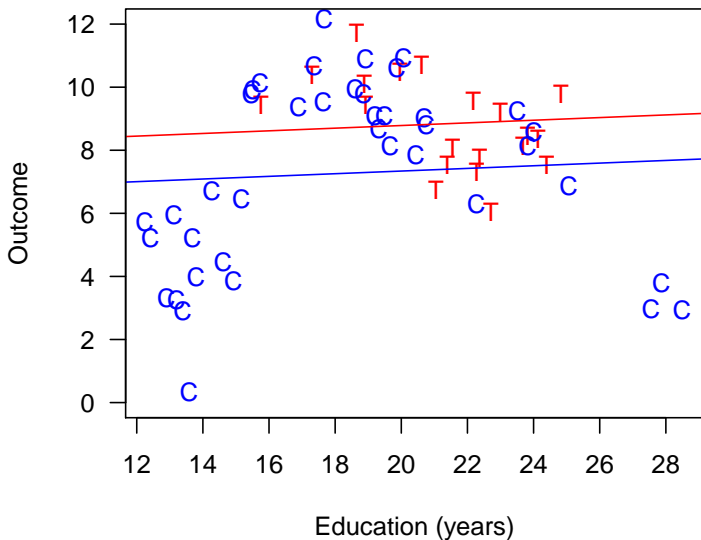
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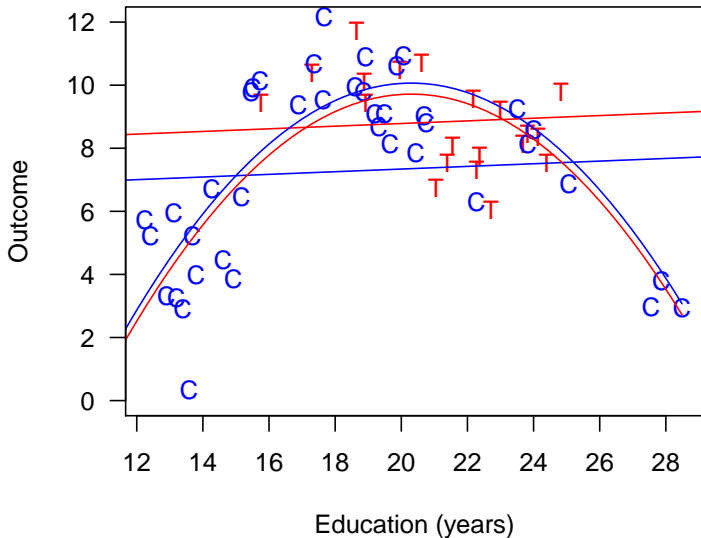
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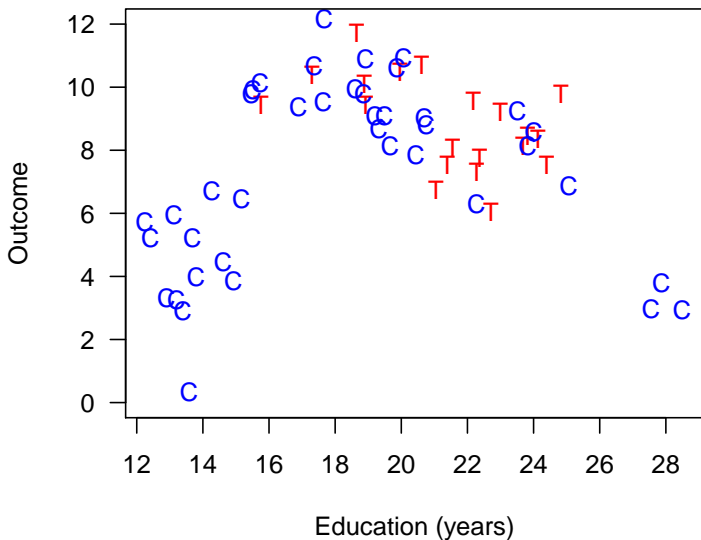
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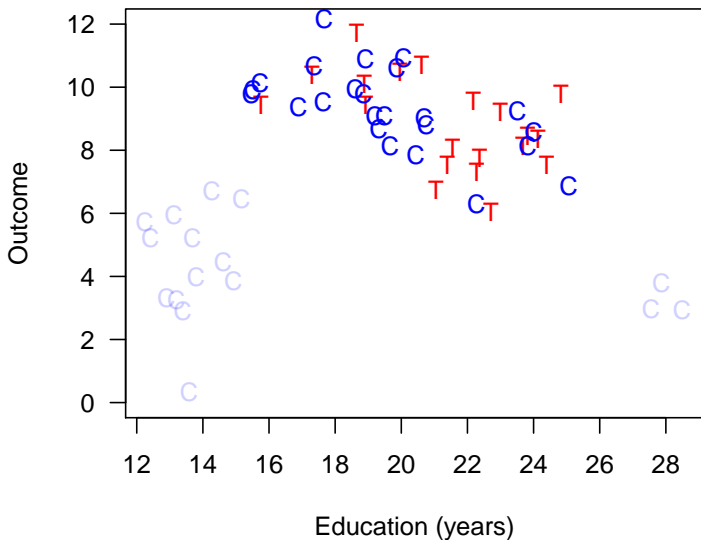
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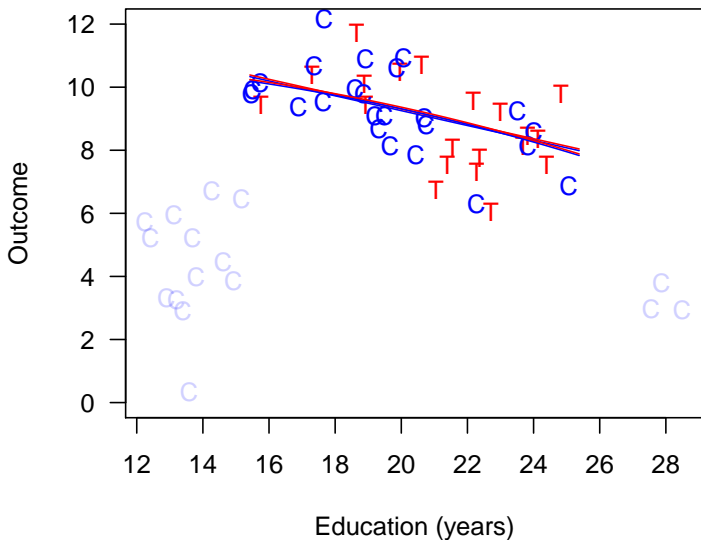
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- “Teaching psychology is mostly a waste of time” (Kahneman 2011)

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A central project of statistics: Automating away human discretion

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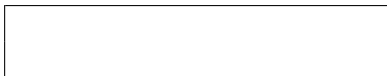
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  - **Pruning nonmatches makes control vars matter less:** reduces imbalance, model dependence, researcher discretion, & bias

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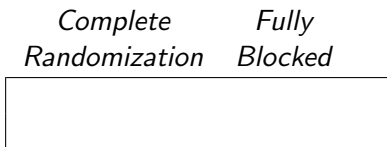
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- Other methods: *fully blocked*



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- Other methods: *fully blocked*
- **Other matching methods dominate PSM** (wait, it gets worse)

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- (Mahalanobis is for methodologists; in applications, use Euclidean!)

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(Approximates Fully Blocked Experiment)

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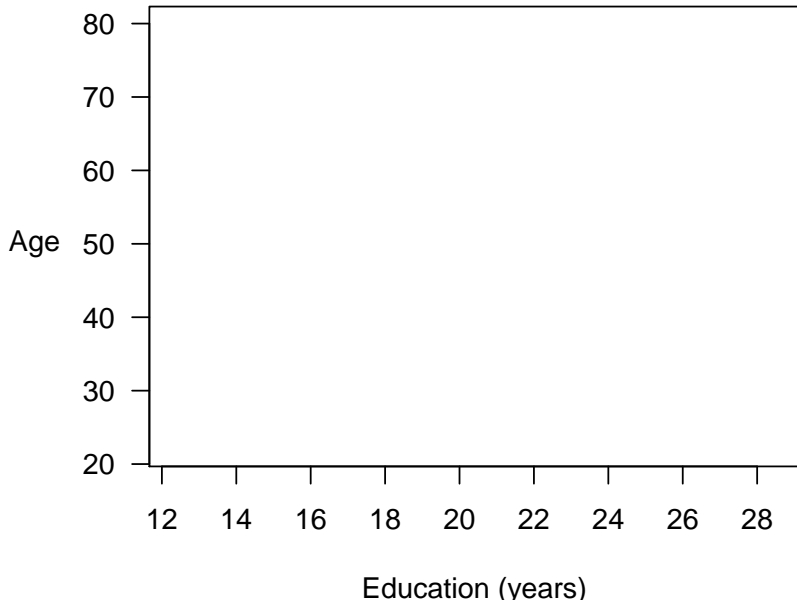
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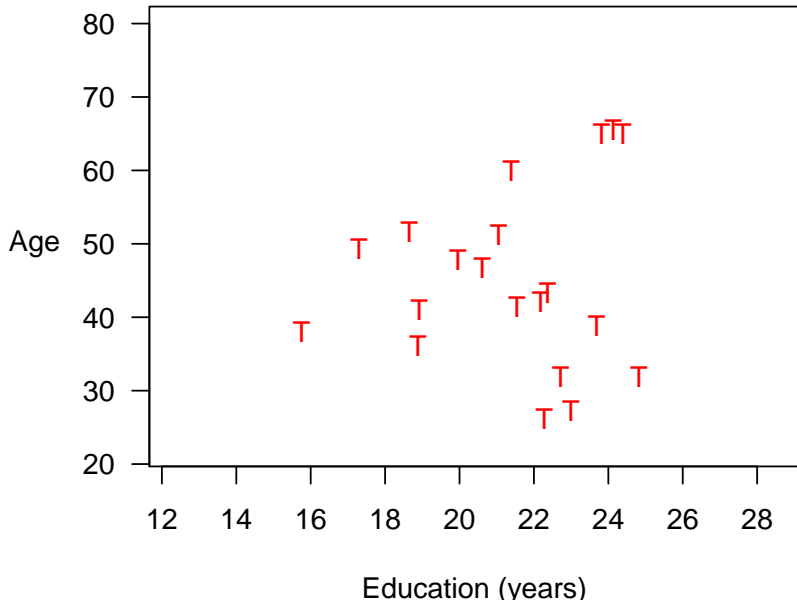
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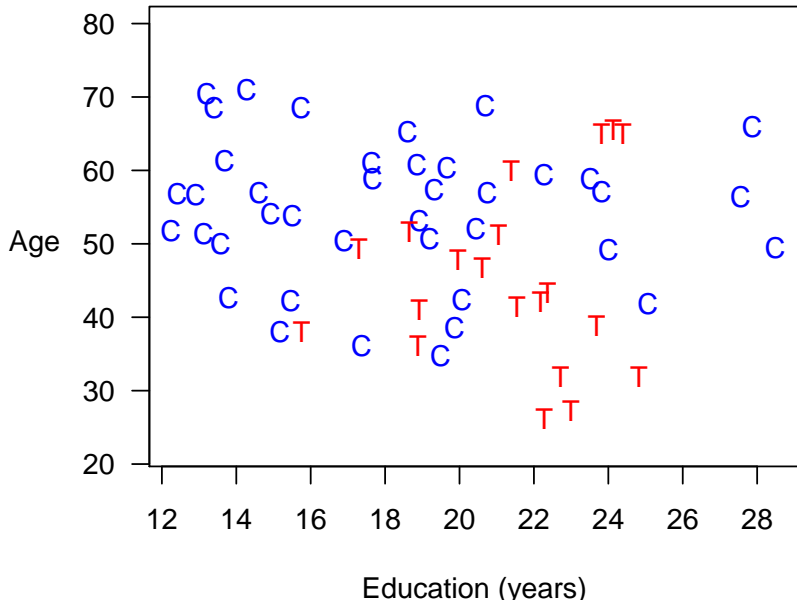
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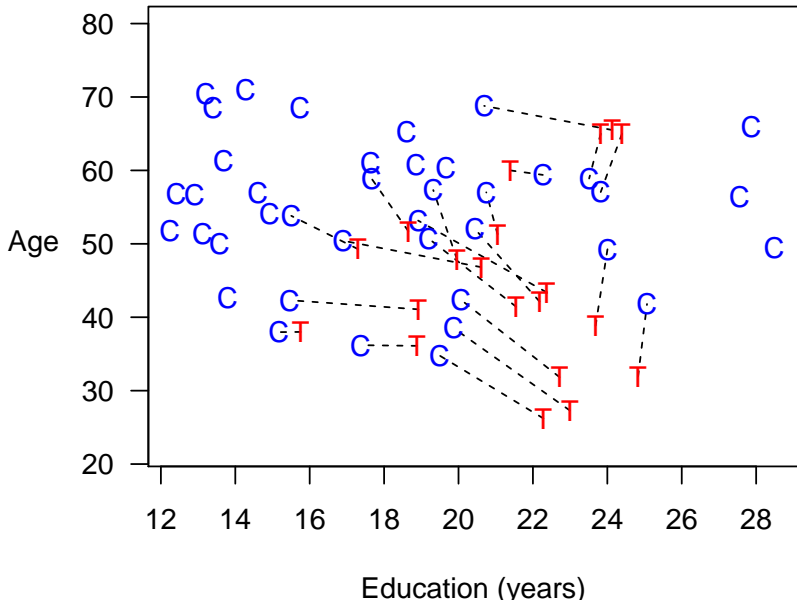
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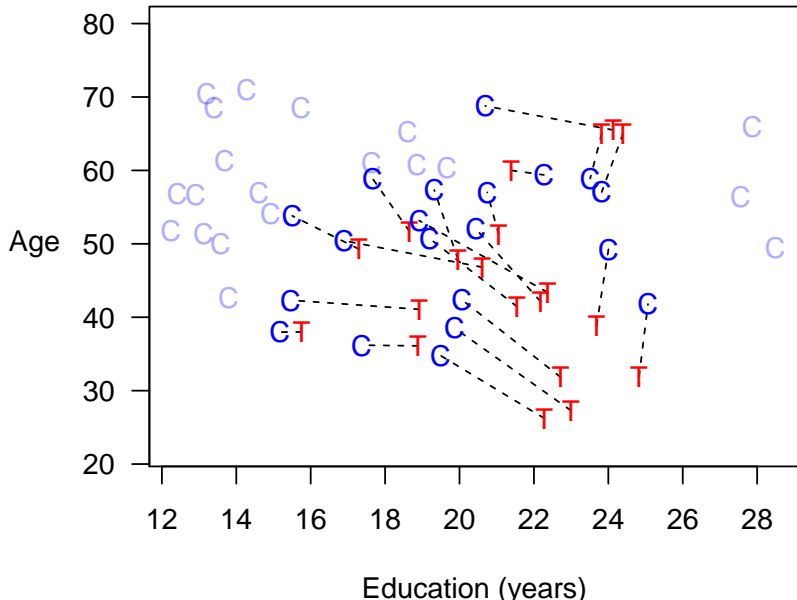
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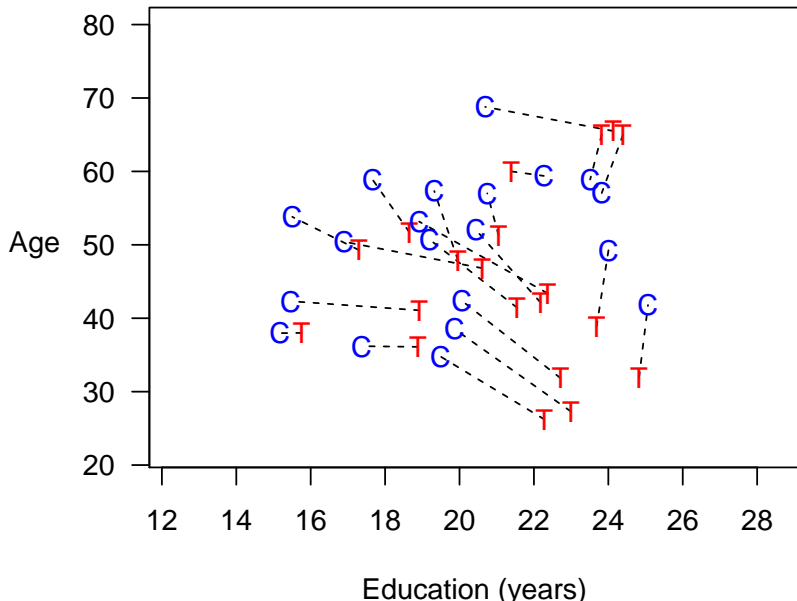


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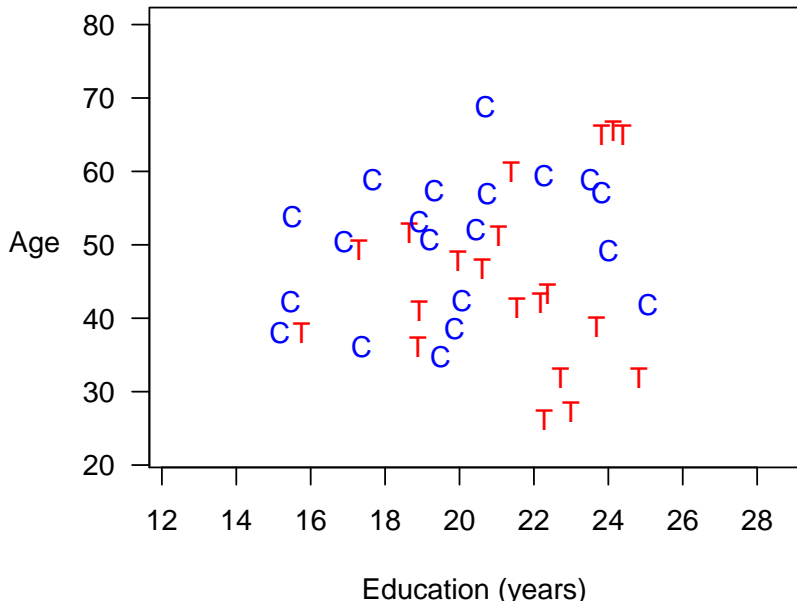




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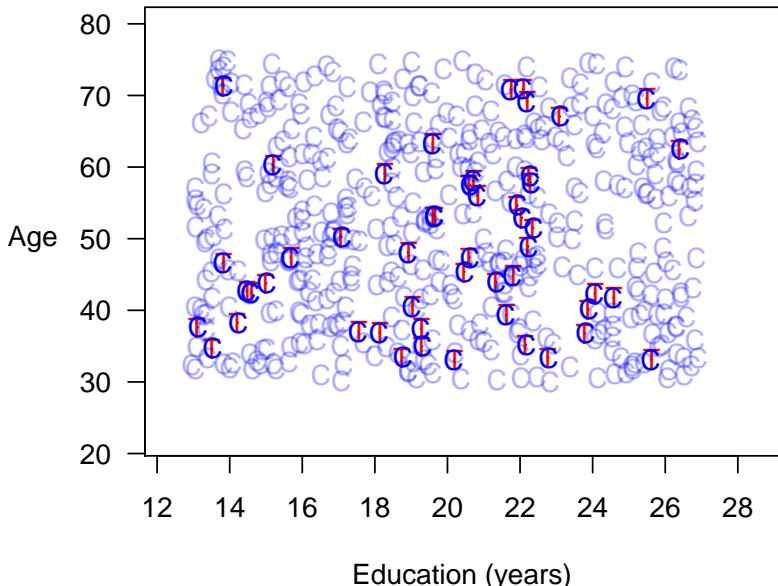


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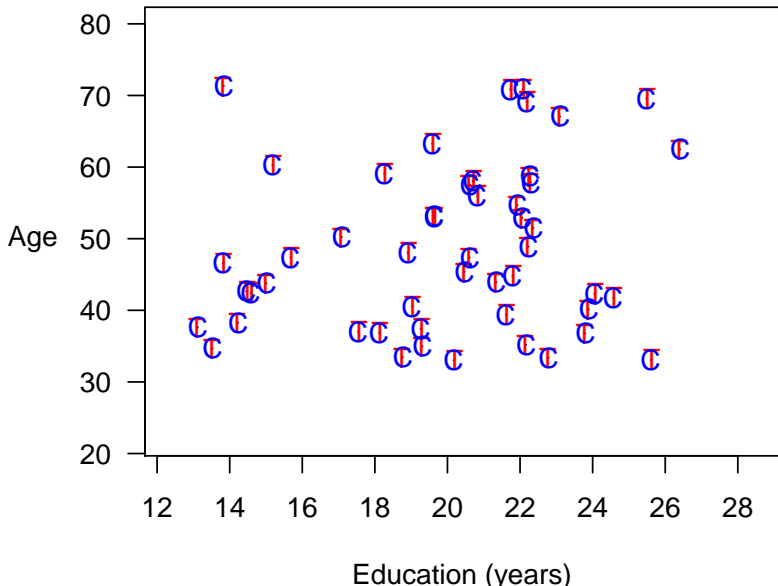


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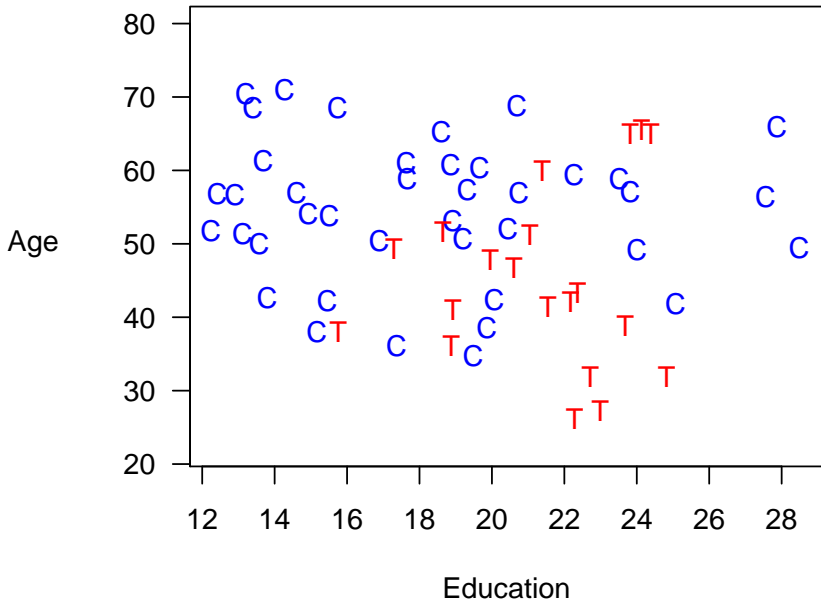
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- Weight controls in each stratum to equal treated

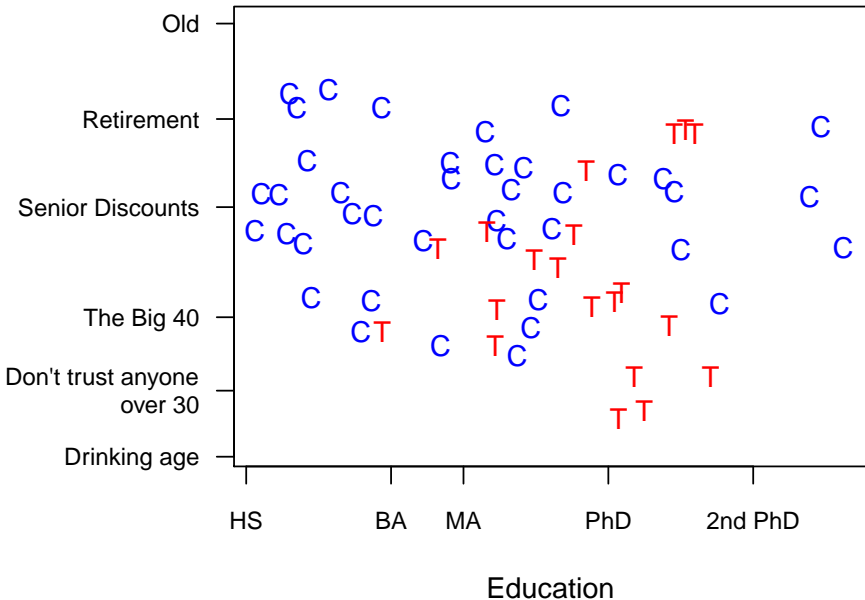
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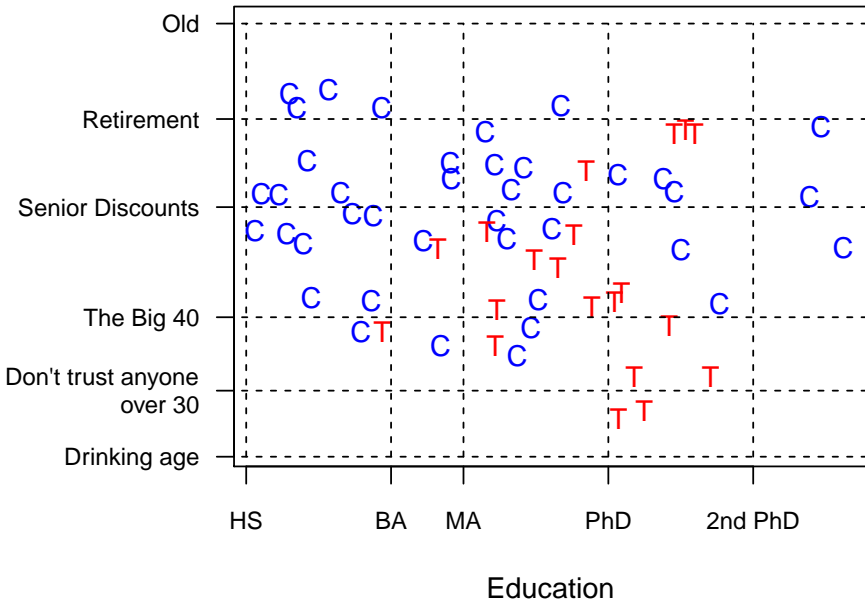
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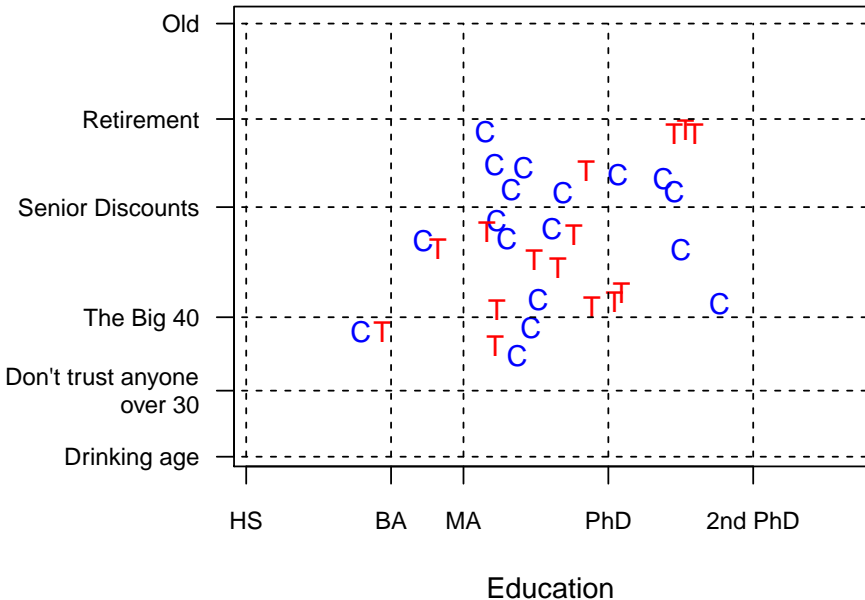
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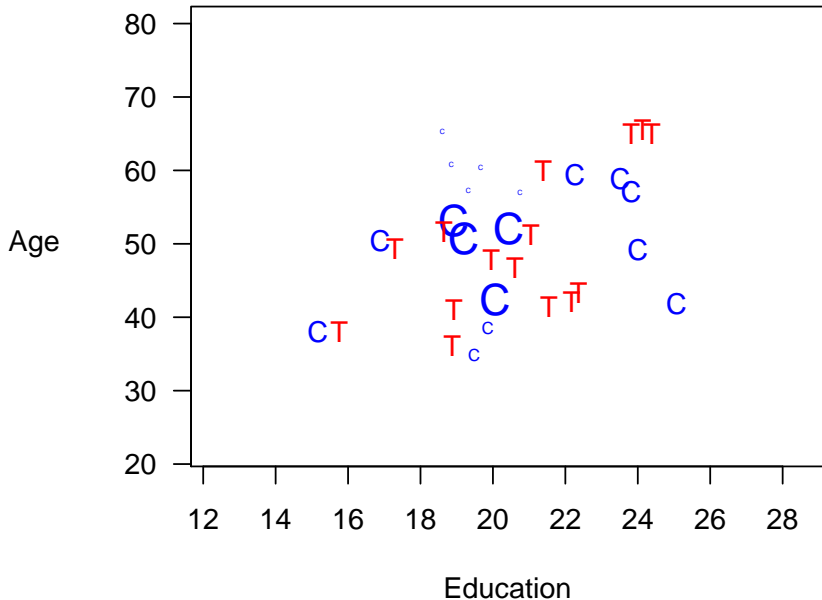


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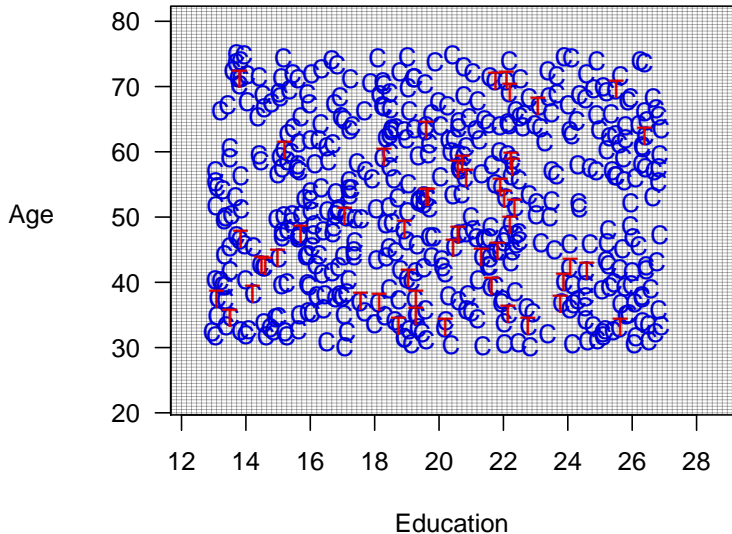


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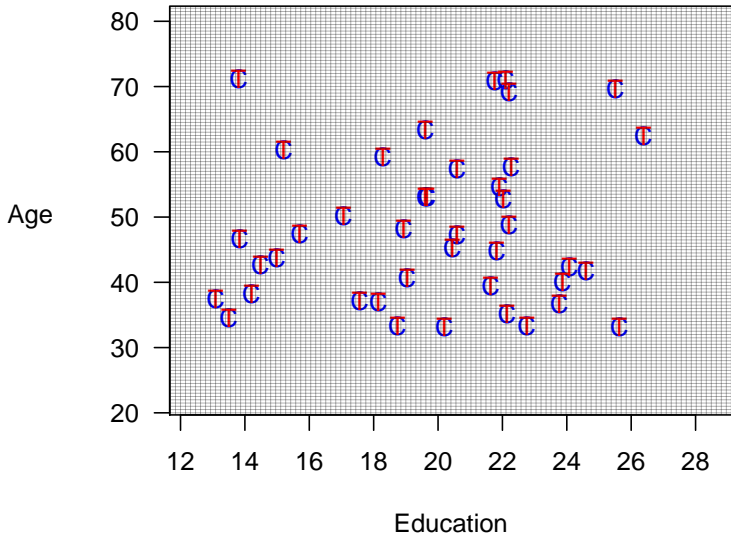
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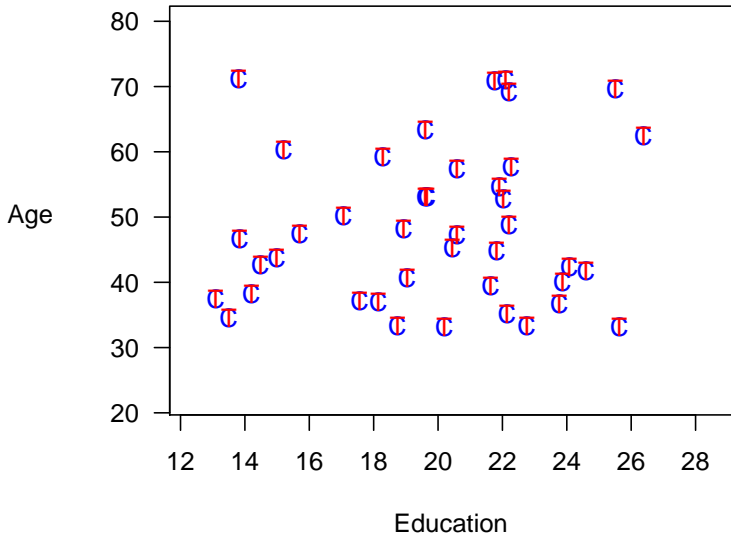




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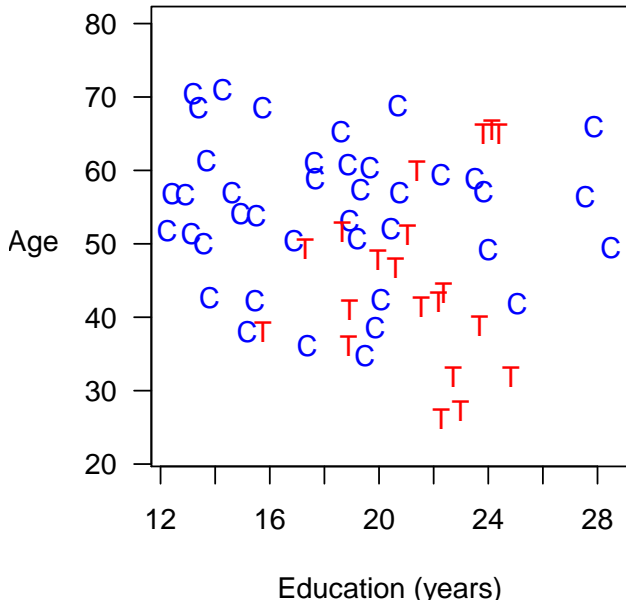
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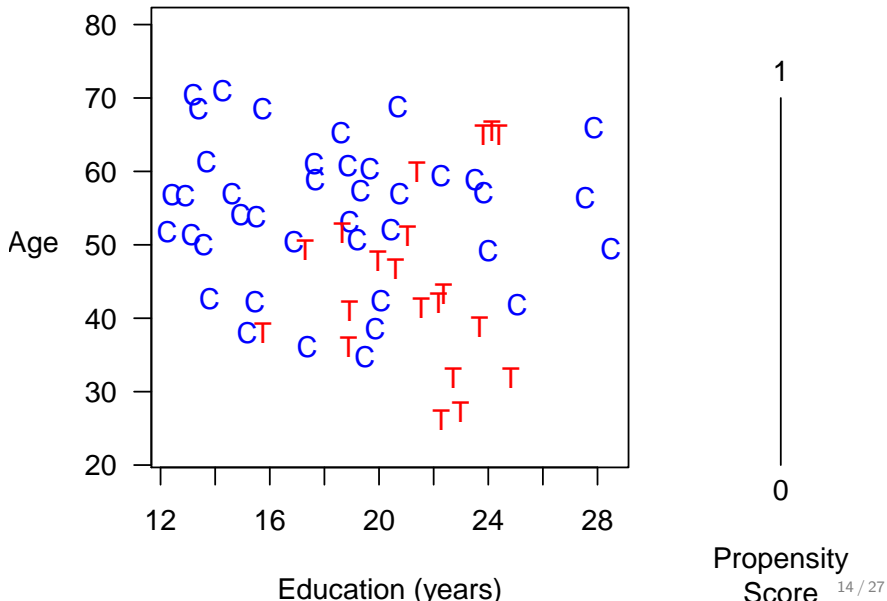
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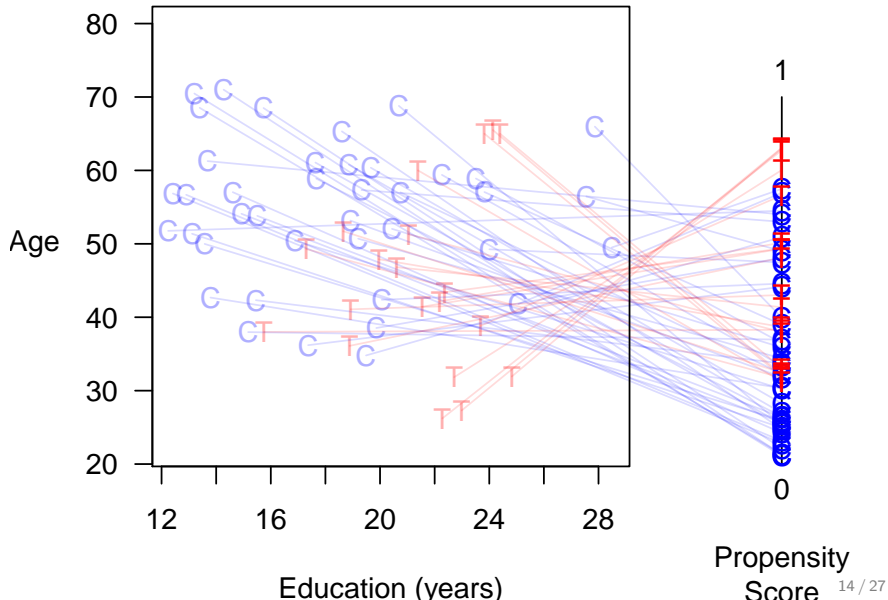
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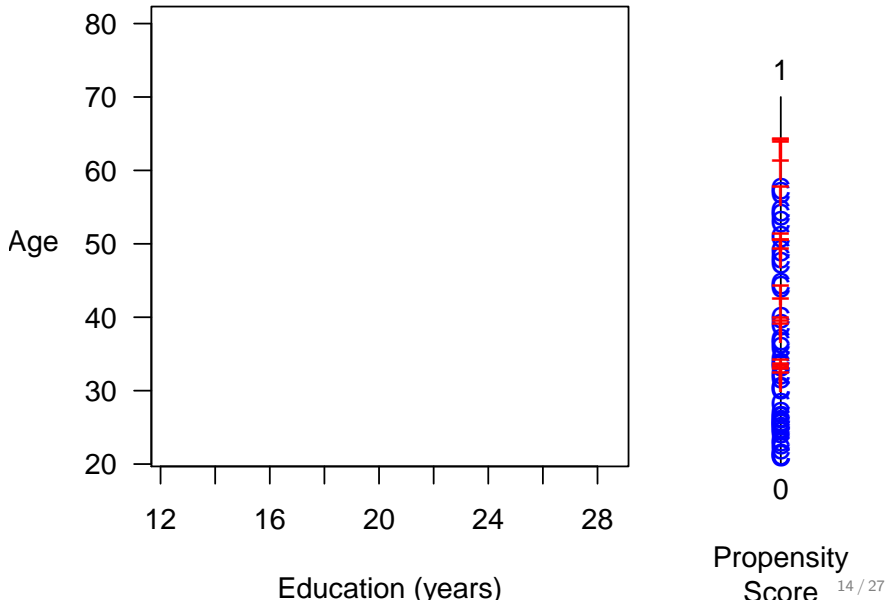
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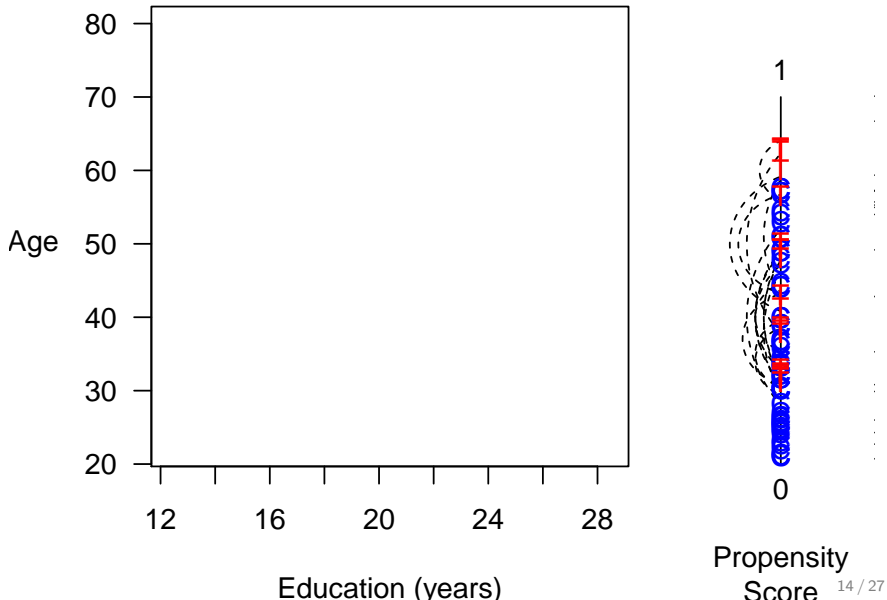
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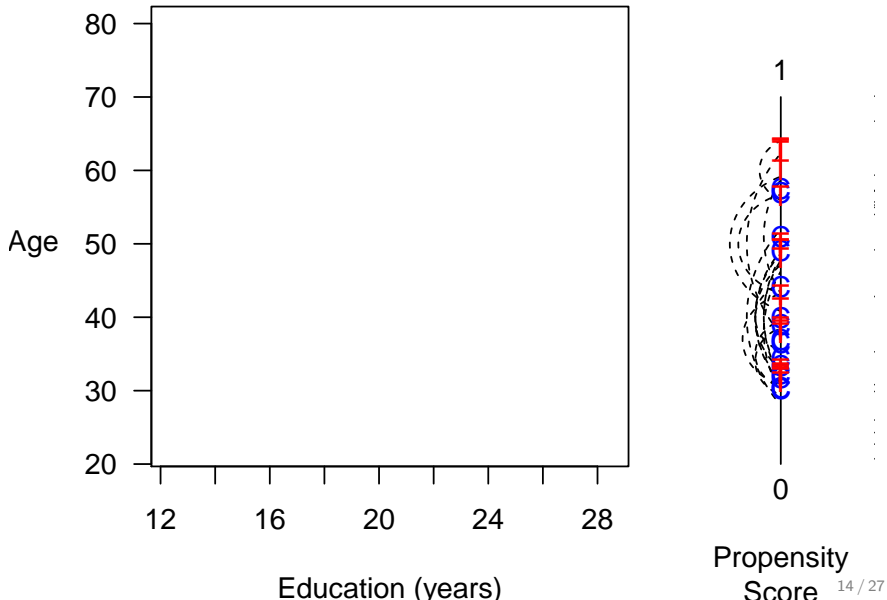


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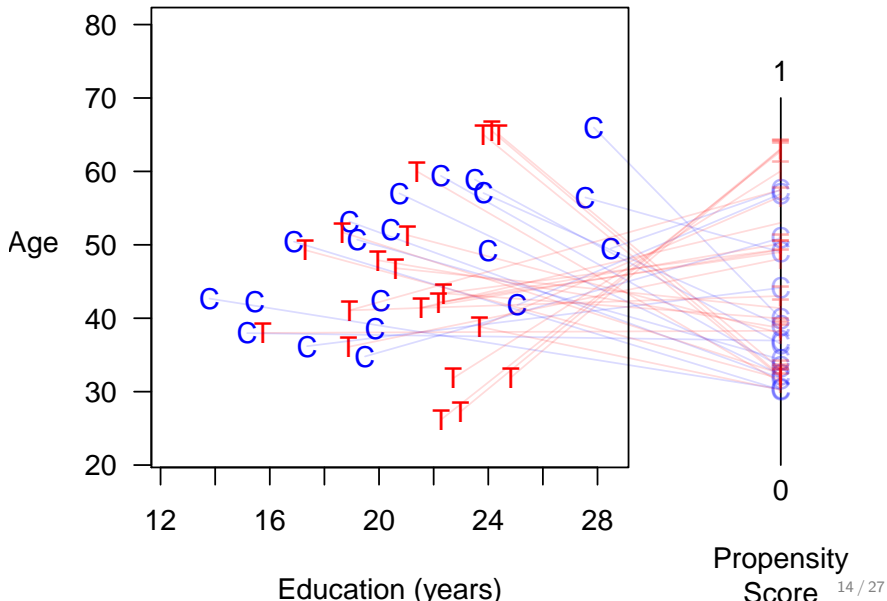




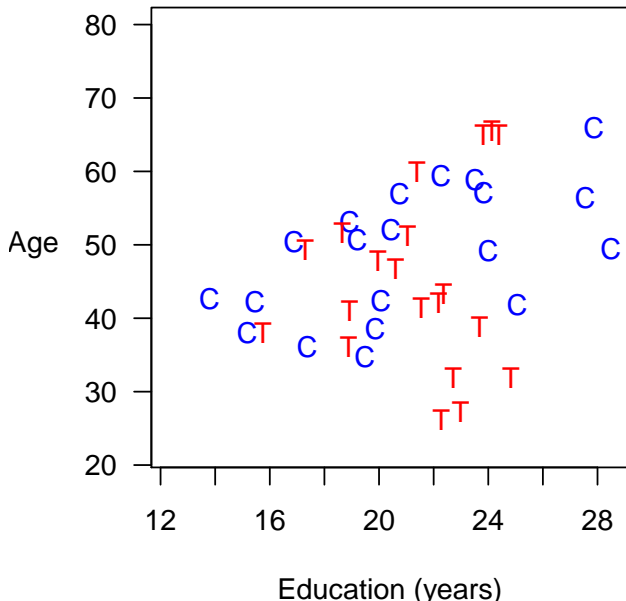
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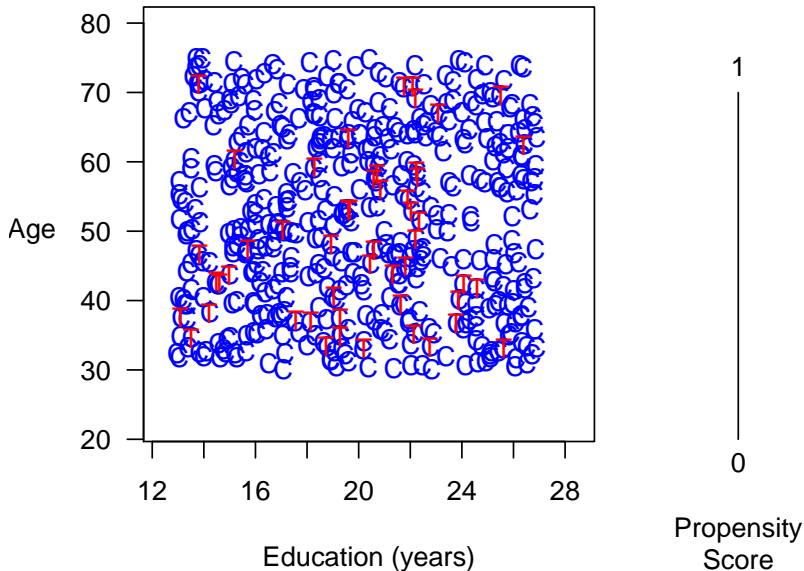


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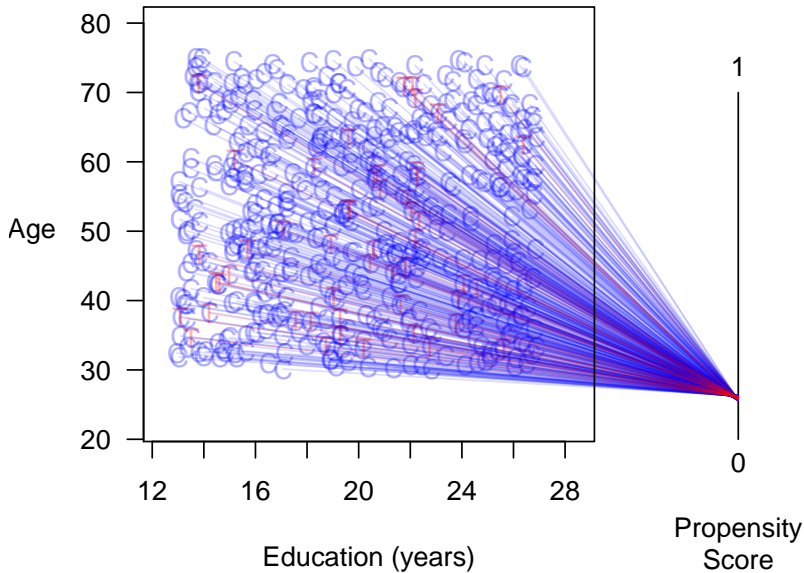


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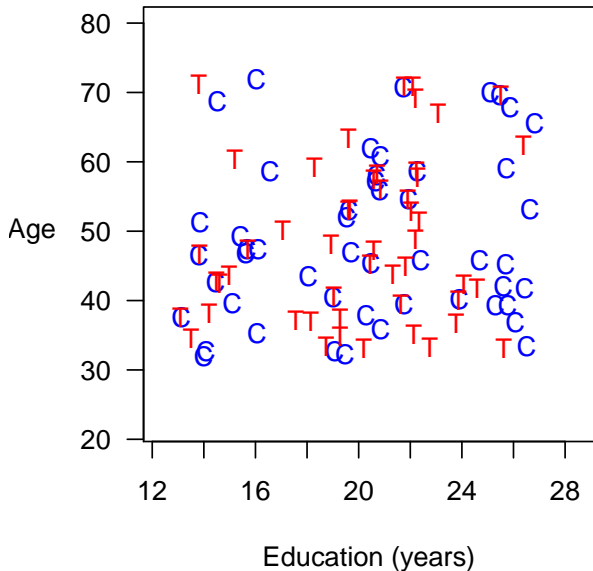
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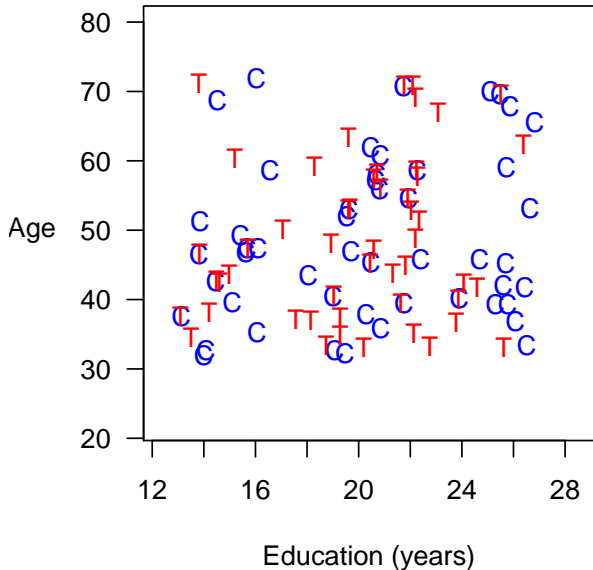
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- **Result is completely general (see math in the paper)**

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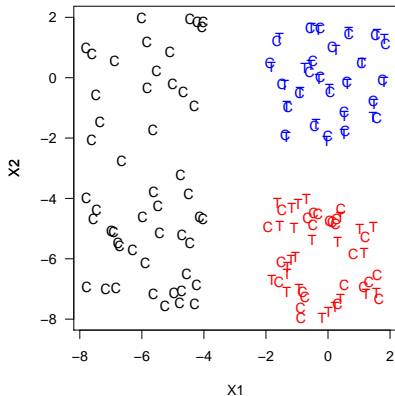
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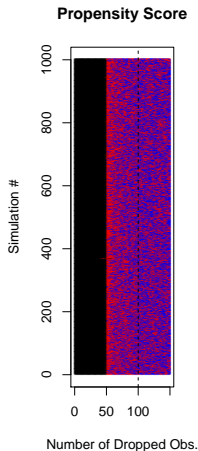
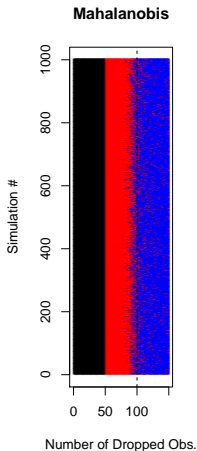
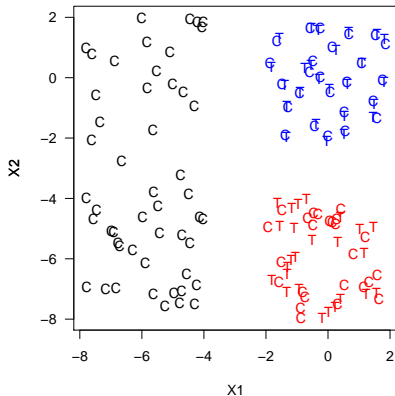
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PSM is Blind Where Other Methods Can See

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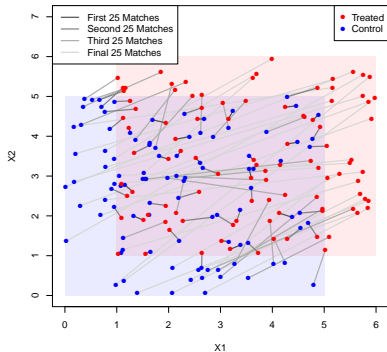


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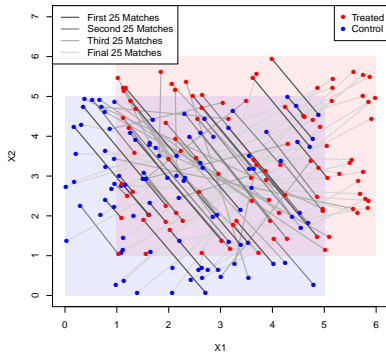


# What Does PSM Match?

## MDM Matches



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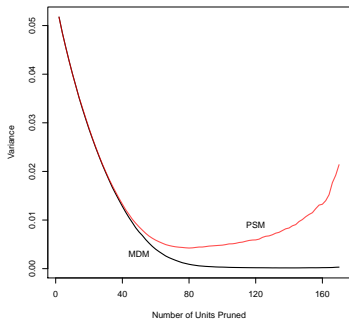


Controls:  $X_1, X_2 \sim \text{Uniform}(0,5)$

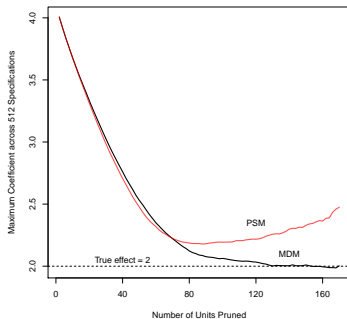
Treateds:  $X_1, X_2 \sim \text{Uniform}(1,6)$

# PSM Increases Model Dependence & Bias

## Model Dependence



## Bias



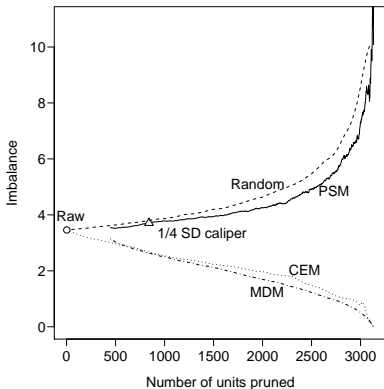
$$Y_i = 2T_i + X_{1i} + X_{2i} + \epsilon_i$$
$$\epsilon_i \sim N(0, 1)$$

# The Propensity Score Paradox in Real Data

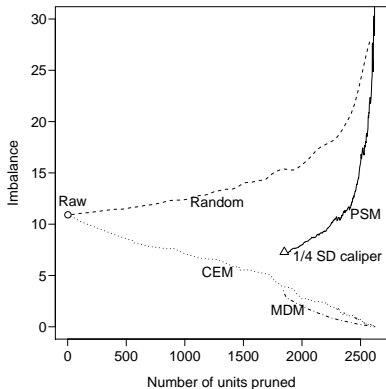


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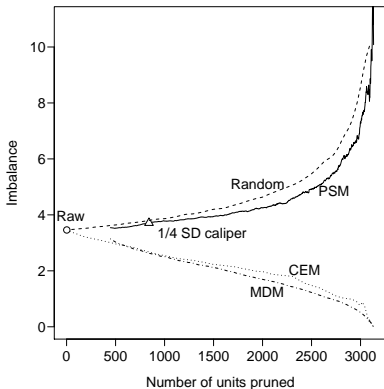


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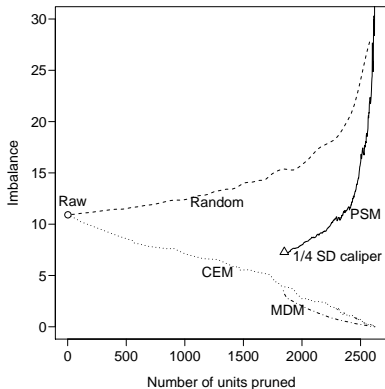


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Similar pattern for > 20 other real data sets we checked

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- Choose an imbalance metric, then run.

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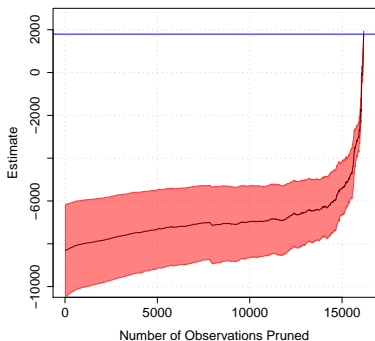
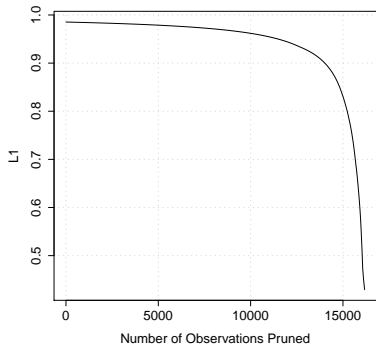
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## Job Training Data: Frontier and Causal Estimates



- 185 Ts; pruning most 16,252 Cs won't increase variance much
- Huge bias-variance trade-off after pruning most Cs
- Estimates converge to experiment after removing bias
- No mysteries: basis of inference clearly revealed

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